Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2010



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WEBER SCHOOL DISTRCT 5320 Adams Avenue Parkway Ogden, Utah 84405

November 3, 2010

To President Richardson, Members of the Board of Education, and Citizens of Weber School District:

At the close of each fiscal year, school districts are required by state law to publish a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). In addition, these statements are to be audited by licensed certified public accountants in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller of the United States. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the Basic Financial Statements of the Weber School District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010.

Designed to meet the needs of a broad spectrum of readers of financial statements, its basic financial statements are divided into three major sections:

- Introductory section -- Introduces the reader to the report and includes this transmittal letter.
- Financial section Consists of the independent auditor's report, management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, and combining and individual fund statements and schedules.
- Statistical section and notes Contains substantial selected financial information, but presents tables that differ from financial statements in that they present non-accounting data.

Internal controls. This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the District. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To ensure the validity of this report, management of the District has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the District's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the District's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the District's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Independent audits. Wiggins & Co., P.C. a firm of licensed certified public accountants, has audited the District's financial statements. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the District's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report

The independent audit of the financial statements of the District was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and

compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the District's separately issued Single Audit Report.

Management's discussion and analysis. GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of management's discussion and analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in connection with it. The District's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

District profile. The District is a legally separate entity enjoying all rights and privileges accorded political subdivisions in the State of Utah. The District is fiscally independent. Policymaking and legislative authority are vested in the Board of Education consisting of seven members. The Board of Education is responsible, among other things, for developing policy, adopting budgets, levying taxes, incurring bonded debt, supervising committees, and hiring both the superintendent and business administrator. The superintendent and business administrator are responsible for carrying out the policies of the Board of Education and oversee the day-to-day operations of the District. The Board of Education is elected on a non-partisan basis. Board members serve four-year staggered terms with no more than four board members elected every two years.

The major purpose of the District is to provide public education for those who reside within the boundaries of the District located in Weber County, Utah. To accomplish this purpose, for the school year 2009-2010, the District services four traditional high schools, nine junior high schools, and twenty nine elementary schools. The District also offers various special purpose programs. One of these special programs includes an alternative high school.

The District serves approximately 30,417 students.

Budgetary control. The District adopts an annual budget for its funds. This budget acts as the financial operating plan for the entire year. Revisions may be implemented during the year authorizing a larger appropriation of available resources through a public hearing and approval from the Board.

All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end with the exception of those indicated as a fund balance reserve. During May of each year, the District Superintendent submits to the Board a proposed operating budget for the next fiscal year commencing July 1st. This budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Included also is a final budget for the current year ending June 30th.

If the District does not exceed the certified tax rate, a public hearing is held prior to June 22 at which time the budget is legally adopted by resolution of the Board after obtaining taxpayer input. If the District exceeds the certified tax rate, the budget is adopted in August or September when data is available to set rates.

The level by which expenditures may not exceed appropriations has been interpreted by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction to be the total budgeted expenditures of a given fund.

The District's fiscal 2010 balances and projected revenue are sufficient to meet the fiscal 2011 budget as presented to the public in June of 2010.

Economic condition and outlook. The economic outlook of the District is dependent on state aid. The State of Utah has been able to conclude each fiscal year since fiscal 1988 with a general fund surplus. However, in the first part of the prior fiscal year, the state and national economy took an abrupt downturn and entered into a recession. In September and October of 2008, the financial markets plummeted along with job growth, and economic activity. In the forty-five day general session of the Utah State Legislature that is held every year from January to March, state funds for the district for FY 2008-09 were cut by nearly three percent. In addition, state funds were cut for FY 2009-2010 by another six

percent. In response to these cuts, the district aggressively slashed non-compensation spending. In addition, discretionary social security and retirement monies that were slated for certain state programs were diverted to the shortfall. Sufficient surpluses in the affected state programs covered this deficit.

At the very end of the FY 2009 and the start of FY 2010, many economists asserted that the "bottom of the recession had been reached. What is unknown is how long the recovery will take until state revenue can reach levels that existed prior to the economic downturn. In an August 5, 2009 report issued by Mr. Jeff Thredgold, chief economic consultant to Zion's Bank (Zion's bank is large regional bank that serves Utah and surrounding areas), the recession was declared to be over. Following is a portion of this report:

While this [the end of the recession] is good news, it *does not* mean that all of our problems with housing, foreclosures, bankruptcies, etc. are now behind us. It does not mean that impending challenges with commercial real estate valuations and financing are behind us. It does not mean that the nation's unemployment rate and overall job losses will immediately stop rising to even more painful levels...

...but a very likely return to positive U.S. economic growth this quarter...and next quarter...and throughout 2010 is a precondition to dealing with all of the serious issues noted above.

Although the recession is over, the recovery has been very slow. Additional state revenue over FY 2010 levels is not expected for FY 2011. Lastly, the United States Congress stepped in and appropriated stimulus funds for local school districts to help lessen the impact of the recession. These funds helped the state and local school districts for FY 2008-09 and they will help for FY 2009-10 and FY 2010-2011. The hope is that as the recovery takes hold, rising revenue will return and replace the one-time funding help from the federal government. According to the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget, Utah is in a good position to realize a recovery. The state's industrial structure continues to be well-balanced and diversified, with a broad base of businesses and a solid technology and transportation infrastructure. Combined with continued population growth and a young highly educated workforce, the state is positioned well for positive long-term growth.

The state kept the value of the weighted pupil unit (WPU) for 2010 at \$2,577. District taxable property values decreased in tax year 2010 by only 0.49%. Preliminary taxable property values for tax year 2010 provided by the Weber County Clerk Auditor indicated an 8.58% decrease. This decrease is attributable to the recession and the slow economic recovery that has resulted in declining property values.

Student growth and facilities. The Governor's Office of Planning and Budget estimates strong student growth in Utah schools over the next eight years. This growth is expected to impact Weber School District. However, new charter schools that will open in Weber County will have an impact on the district's enrollment. Not withstanding, the addition of two new charter schools, steady growth is expected to continue for the next five years in the district. This means that on the average over 300 students will be added to the enrollment every year.

Student growth brings additional state aid. However, student growth also adds fixed operational costs to the District. Accordingly, the District has made effective use of boundary changes and portable classroom units to manage the shifting student enrollments. In addition, on June 27, 2006, voters overwhelmingly approved a \$65 Million Bond authorization to construct new facilities and expand current space. The last of this bond authorization is being spent. Over the past five years, additional classroom space has been added to six elementary schools; two larger replacement elementary schools were also added. In addition a larger replacement junior high school is now being completed and targeted remodeling projects have occurred at various locations. All these projects are designed to provide more space for students and instruction.

As the District continues to grow, student counts will be carefully monitored so that available financing resources will have the greatest impact. Additional classroom space will be built in high growth areas and aging buildings will be replaced on a priority basis. Current projections indicate most of the growth in the north and west areas of the District.

Audit committee. The District's independent auditor uses the District's audit committee to communicate certain matters to upper management and the Board. The audit committee includes three members of the Board, the District superintendent, and the business administrator. The three members of the Board report audit findings and other financial considerations to the Board. The Board is responsible for the oversight of the financial reporting process.

Cash management and investments. The District maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. This pool has deposits, repurchase agreements, and other investments with varying maturity dates. Over the last three years interest rates plummeted as did investment income. At the end of FY 2007, interest rates in the investment pool were at about 5.25%. Since that time interest rates in the pool have declined to less than 1.0%. In response to this situation, the Board authorized investments out-side of the state pool. Working with our investment advisor, nearly \$30 million dollars have been invested in funds approved by the Utah Money Management Act. These alternate investments have a return that averages 200 basis points more than the pool. This has helped offset the losses in investment income.

The State of Utah Money Management Act with the State Money Management Council governs the District's investment policies and provides a measure of depository protection. The Council issues a list of qualified depositories to public treasurer's each calendar quarter and monitors the maximum amount of public funds each depository is eligible to hold in accordance with the law and the rules of the Council. State law and Council rules govern the financial reporting requirements of qualified depositories in which public funds may be deposited and prescribe the conditions under which the designation of a depository shall remain in effect. If a qualified depository should become ineligible to hold public funds, the public treasurers are notified immediately.

The District considers the actions of the Utah Money Management Council to be necessary and sufficient for adequate protection of its uninsured bank deposits.

Risk management. The District is self-insured for workers' compensation. Unemployment compensation is handled on a cost of benefits reimbursement basis with the State of Utah. The District participates in the Utah State Risk Management system for property and liability insurance. This is a pooled arrangement where the participating entities pay annual premiums, which are designed to pay claims and build sufficient reserves so that the system will be able to protect the participating entities with its own capital. The pool reinsures excess losses to preserve the capital base.

Post employment benefits. Certain employees are eligible to receive post employment healthcare benefits and early retirement incentive stipends. These are considered termination benefits by the district. Three years ago the district implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 47 which relates to termination benefits. The District finances these benefits primarily as premiums and stipends are paid. The District is actively striving to fund these obligations in advance or designating fund balances to provide for this obligation.

The efficient and dedicated staff of the business and payroll departments helped accomplish the preparation of this report. We would like to express appreciation to all members of the department who assisted in the preparation of this report. We would also like to thank the members of the Board of Education for their interest and support in conducting the financial affairs of the District in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Michael G. Jacobsen, Ph.D.

Superintendent of Schools

Robert D. Petersen, Ph.D. Business Administrator



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Board of Education Weber School District

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Weber School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Weber School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Weber School Foundation, which represents 100 percent of discretely presented component unit. The financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the discretely presented component unit, is based on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the report of other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Weber School District, as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 29, 2010 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 7 through 13 and 39 through 43 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Weber School District's financial statements as a whole. The introductory section, combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Wiggins , Co., PC Ogden, UT

October 29, 2010

Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section of Weber School District's Basic Financial Statements presents management's discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the year ending June 30, 2010. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter and the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- Changes in fund balance were positive for the Maintenance and Operation Fund, Debt Service Fund, Child
 Nutrition Fund and the Student Activity Fund. Fund balances for the Capital Outlay Fund were down and the
 balance for the Recreation Fund continued to remain neutral.
- The economic recession contributed to a loss of state revenue of \$11,296,329 from the prior year. Of this
 reduction, \$6,258,724 was replaced by federal stimulus funds as a result of the passage of the American
 Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) by congress. This resulted in an actual shortfall of \$5,037,605 of
 state funds.
- During the year, the combined fund balance decreased by \$12.9 million. Increases in other funds were offset by a \$16.7 million decrease in the capital outlay fund balance as funds were expended for new buildings.
- During the year, the fund balance for the Maintenance and Operation Fund increased by nearly \$2.9 million.
- District enrollment growth from October 1, 2008 to October 1, 2009 increased by 538 or 1.8%. This increase
 was a result of increased birth rates and population growth.
- On June 27, 2006 voters approved \$65 million in General Obligation bonds for the construction of four new schools, three major remodeling projects and various other improvements. In addition, voters also approved a 75% increase in the Voted Leeway. Voted Leeway funds will provide needed resources to maintain and operate new facilities. Many of the projects from this bond were completed this year and the final project, South Ogden Junior High School is scheduled to open in August of 2010.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the assets and liabilities of the District, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the net assets of the District changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Fund financial statements. A fund is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and agency funds.

• Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains six individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general maintenance and operation fund, the debt service fund, and the capital projects fund, each of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other three governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

 Agency fund. The District uses an agency fund to account for resources held for student activities and groups.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets exceeded liabilities by \$91 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

• A significant portion of the District's net assets (62.35%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, and furniture and equipment net of accumulated depreciation); less any related debt (general obligation bonds payable and obligations under capital leases less unspent bond proceeds) used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

- An additional portion of the District's net assets (19.74%) represents resources that are subject to external
 restrictions on how they may be used. The majority of the restricted balance is for capital projects.
- The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets (17.91%) may be used to meet the District's obligations to students, employees, and creditors and to honor next year's budget.

At the end of the 2010 fiscal year, the District is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets. The same is true for the prior fiscal year.

The District's net assets increased by \$5.95 million during the current year; the following discussion and analysis on governmental activities examine this increase:

WEBER SCHOOL DISTRICT'S Net Assets

	Governmental a	ctivities		
-				Total
		% of		change from
_	2010	Total	2009	prior year
Current and other assists	\$ 131,199,979	44.70%	\$ 145,547,453	\$ (14,347,474)
Capital Assists	162,294,964	55.30%	147,404,239	14,890,725
Total assets	293,494,943	100.00%	292,951,692	543,251
O Lada - Validida	94,846,792	46.85%	95,820,433	(973,641)
Current and other liabilities Long-term liabilities outstanding	107,607,075	53.15%	112,038,326	(4,431,251)
Total liabilities	202,453,867	100.00%	207,858,759	(5,404,892)
Net assets:				
Invested in capital assets,				
net of related debt	56,757,248	62.35%	36,874,006	19,883,242
Restricted	17,974,136	19.74%	33,635,245	(15,661,109)
Unrestricted	16,309,692	17.91%	14,583,682	1,726,010
Total net assets	\$ 91,041,076	100.00%	\$ 85,092,933	\$ 5,948,143
Net assets – beginning	\$ 85,092,933			
Change in net assets	\$ 5,948,143			

Governmental activities. Increases in overall expenses (see Financial Analysis chart below) were primarily a result of capital expenses as bond proceeds were used to complete new schools and additions to current schools. This helped propel our positive change of \$5.96 million in the District's net assets for the year ended June 30, 2010. Another factor for the increase in net assets is the districts continued emphasis on complying with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 47. GASB 47 addresses district liabilities with regards to termination benefits. When employees retire, and if they meet certain eligibility requirements, they may receive termination benefits. With the GASB 47 mandate, the district recognized the coming year's liability for added termination benefits. Funds are being aggressively set aside to more fully fund this liability. As the district continues to implement its funding for GASB 47 liabilities, this will increase our

assets and overtime drive net assets upward. Following is a further analysis of changes in revenue and expenses over last year.

- The percent increase for the collections of local taxes (7.43%) continues to outpace inflation. This was due in large part to the increase of the State Basic Rate from 0.001311 to 0.001433; this is a 14.64% increase with this levy.
- A highly significant percentage of revenue decrease occurred with state aid (-\$6.47 million). The primary reason for this is with the economic slow down; the reduction in state aid was offset in part by student growth revenue that came to the district because enrollment was up by 1.8% over the prior year.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF DISTRICT FUNDS

	Governme	Total			
	2010 2009		Change		
_					
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$ 50,221,778	\$ 46,747,932	\$ 3,473,846		
Earnings on investments	887,040	1,845,776	(958,736)		
Other Local Sources	12,188,651	12,483,925	(295,274)		
State Aid	127,847,228	134,319,156	(6,471,928)		
Federal Aid	25,069,487	25,137,538	(68,051)		
Other Financing Sources	2,121,691	9,068,099	(6,946,408)		
Total revenues	218,335,875	229,602,426	(11,266,551)		
Expenses:					
Instructional Services	129,260,953	126,704,303	2,556,650		
Supporting Services	1-2,-00,200	, ,	, ,		
Students	6,292,906	6,246,437	46,469		
Instructional staff	2,513,838	3,507,188	(993,350)		
District administration	5,723,288	5,911,120	(187,832)		
School administration	11,408,824	11,115,485	293,339		
Operation and maintenance of	11,400,024	11,115,165	2,0,000		
facilities	16,127,093	16,693,174	(566,081)		
Transportation	6,512,368	6,561,513	(49,145)		
Central/Other	2,468,762	2,841,768	(373,006)		
School lunch services	12,725,987	12,236,023	489,964		
Capital Outlay	26,988,036	38,633,027	(11,644,991)		
Debt Service	11,236,828	10,692,111	544,717		
Total expenses	231,258,883	241,142,149	(9,883,266)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(12,923,008)	(11,539,723)	(1,383,285)		
Fund Balances — beginning	56,510,706	68,050,429	(11,539,723)		
Fund Balances — ending	\$ 43,587,698	\$ 56,510,706	\$ (12,923,008)		

 As a result of the slowing economy, interest rates and earnings on investments plummeted. This resulted in a \$958,000 decline in earnings on investments.

- Federal revenue was almost the same as the prior year. A primary reason for this is that the one-time stimulus
 money from the passage of the American Recovery and Re-investment Act (ARRA) by congress continued to
 flow to the District.
- Capital outlay expenditures fell sharply as spending on new projects came to an end. On-going capital
 expenses also went down over the prior year. The brakes were put on regular on-going capital needs as
 money is being made available to offset losses in state revenue from both statutory changes in the state capital
 outlay formula and reductions in state appropriations.
- Increases in instructional expenses resulted from meeting the needs of student growth and the funding of increments on employee salary tables. In addition, balances in categorical programs were spent down as state basic funds were cut. The value of the WPU remained the same. The district continued with its funding of Health Reimbursement Accounts (HRA) for administrators and classified employees. Funds will be deposited by the district into employee HRAs to help them offset future and current health related expenses.
- Funding student transportation continues to be a challenge. State policy requires that all elementary students (grades K-6) living more that 1.5 miles from their assigned school be eligible for transportation. In addition, secondary students (grades 7-12) are eligible for school transportation if they live more than two miles from their assigned school. State funding is inadequate to accomplish the required transportation standards. As a result, over \$1 million of district funding is required for transportation. Over the last few years, the district implemented aggressive cost cutting measures in transportation; unfortunately, these were countered by a rapid rise in diesel fuel required to operate busses, a rise in employee benefit costs, and growth in the number of students eligible for transportation.
- Cost of utilities has a significant impact on the District. Anticipating these costs, the District has continued a very aggressive energy savings program in all schools and locations.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$43.58 million; \$12.9 million lower than the previous year (see chart below).

Fund Balance Summary FY 10 Governmental Funds

		Debt	Capital	Other Govt.	Total
	General	Service	Projects	Funds	Funds
Revenues	175,853,335	11,789,521	11,102,183	19,590,836	218,335,875
Expenses	173,812,628	11,236,828	26,988,036	19,221,391	231,258,883
Net Change in Fund Balance	2,040,707	552,693	(15,885,853)	369,445	(12,923,008)
Fund balances - beginning	20,275,092	1,442,531	28,778,380	6,014,703	56,510,706
Fund balances - ending	22,315,799	1,995,224	12,892,527	6,384,148	43,587,698

Governmental funds report the differences between their assets and liabilities as fund balance, which is divided into reserved and unreserved portions. Reservations indicate the portion of the District's fund balances that are not available for appropriation. The unreserved fund balance is, in turn, subdivided between designated and undesignated portions. Designations reflect the District's self-imposed limitation on the use of otherwise available expendable financial resources in governmental funds. Undesignated balances in the general fund are

required by state law to be appropriated in the following year's budget. Fund balances of debt service, capital projects, and other governmental funds are restricted by state law to be spent for the purpose of the fund and are not available for spending at the District's discretion. Following is a chart that outlines the Unreserved Fund Balances:

UNRESERVED FUND BALANCES

						Other
	General	Deb	t Service	Capital	G	ovt. Funds
Designated:						
Undistributed Reserve	\$ 4,000,000	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Fed. Impact Aid	195,533					
Computer Replacement				2,199,028		
Land						
Roof Units				950,000		
Textbooks						
Early Ret. Health Care	8,500,000					
Undesignated:						
Capital Projects				6,904,903		
Debt Service		1	,995,224			
Special Revenue						6,358,389
Undesignated	9,136,316					
TOTAL	\$21,831,849	\$ 1	,995,224	\$ 10,053,931	\$	6,358,389

Designation for undistributed reserve. As allowed by state law (limited to 5% of general fund expenditures), the District has established an undistributed reserve within the general fund. This amount is set aside for contingencies or possible reductions in state funding and is not to be used in the negotiation or settlement of contract salaries. The maintenance of a sufficient reserve is a key credit consideration in the District's excellent bond rating of A1 given by Moody's Investor Service.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the year, the Board revised the District's budget. Budget amendments were made to reflect changes in programs and related funding. Actual expenditures were less than final budgeted revenue amounts.

Enrollment Highlights

State and federal funding is highly dependent on enrollment. Since state and federal sources comprise the majority of total revenue, projecting enrollment growth and trends is a critical part of the budget process. Complicating this process has been the addition by the State Charter School Board of new charter schools in our District boundaries. Prior to FY 2008, District enrollment growth had been slow. However, enrollment growth from FY 2007 to FY 2008 was at a historic high of 965 students. Then two new charter schools were added and the enrolment from FY 2008 to FY 2009 dropped by 218 students. Then growth jumped up again from FY 2009 to FY 2010 by 538 students to a new historic high of 30,417. Next year, two new charter schools have been approved by the State Charter School Board. It is anticipated that District enrollment will once again be slightly down. Barring the addition of charter schools, it is anticipated that strong and steady growth will continue for the next few years. Growth has been especially strong in the elementary grades (grades K-6). Over the next few years, these large numbers of elementary students will be entering secondary grades; when this occurs, over all district growth will approach two percent.

WEBER SCHOOL DISTRICT ENROLLMENT HISTORY

	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10
Elementary	15,022	15,347	15,839	16,504	16,399	16,725
Junior High	6,708	6,612	6,602	6,662	6,702	6,863
High School	6,436	6,497	6,454	6,696	6,544	6,624
Regular Sub-Total:	28,166	28,456	28,895	29,862	29,645	30,212
Special Schools	361	303	237	235	234	205
Total Enrollment	28,527	28,759	29,132	30,097	29,879	30,417

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The capital projects fund is used to account for costs incurred in acquiring and improving sites, constructing and remodeling facilities, and procuring equipment necessary for providing educational programs for all students within the District. On June 27, 2006 voters approved \$65 million in General Obligation bonds for the construction of four new schools, three major remodeling projects and various other improvements. In addition, voters also approved a 75% increase in the Voted Leeway. This increase will provide needed funds to maintain and operate new facilities.

At the start of the fiscal year, the District had an aging bus fleet. Through a capital lease (with very competitive interest rates) the District acquired 20 new busses to replace twenty of the oldest busses. This lease will be paid off by FY 2014.

Debt Administration. In April 2009, following overwhelming approval by voters of a \$65,000,000 bond authorization on June 27, 2006, the district issued \$9,500,000 of General Obligation Bonds (Series 2009). These funds have been used to fund various projects throughout the district that are part of the district's overall Capital Plan. Series 2009 is the last of the bond authorization. The bulk of these funds have been spent through FY 2009-10 on the new Junior High School in South Ogden. This new school is set to open in August of 2010 and the pay out for any obligations associated with the school will occur early in FY 2010-11.

The general obligation bonded debt of the District is limited by state law to 4% of the fair market value of the total taxable property in the District. The legal debt limit at June 30, 2010 is \$464.44 million. General obligation debt at June 30, 2010 is \$102.35 million, resulting in a legal debt margin of \$362.09 million.

Although it is not unusual for governments to have a 30-year bond payoff schedule, the District maintains an aggressive schedule to retire all of its general obligation bonds by 2029.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Weber School District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Business Administrator, Weber School District, 5320 Adams Avenue Parkway, Ogden, UT 84405.

Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2010

A 4	Governmental Activities	Component Unit
Assets:	# 00.070.4 <i>E</i> E	0 1520.07
Cash and investments	\$ 80,079,465	\$ 1,538,067
Receivables:		
Property taxes	41,097,567	-
Other governments	7,481,563	-
Other, net of allowance for bad debt - \$14,000	403,102	17,706
Prepaids	28,885	-
Inventories	1,087,450	-
Bond issuance costs, net	811,621	-
Other assets	210,326	6,000
Capital assets:		
Land, and construction-in-progress	33,171,521	-
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	129,123,443	<u>-</u>
Total assets	293,494,943	1,561,773
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	4,929,252	6,523
Accrued interest	235,636	, -
Accrued liabilities	199,417	
Accrued salaries	24,035,190	-
Termination benefits	11,171,180	-
Deferred revenue:		
Property taxes	44,556,122	-
Other governments	9,719,995	-
· Local sources Noncurrent liabilities:	-	-
Due within one year	8,407,646	_
Due in more than one year	99,199,429	
Total liabilities	202,453,867	6,523
Net Assets:		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	56,757,248	_
Restricted for:	30,137,210	
School lunch	333,584	_
Student activity	6,050,564	
Foundation	-	1,555,250
Debt service	1,759,588	-
Capital projects	10,693,499	-
Unrestricted	15,446,593	<u> </u>
Total net assets	\$ 91,041,076	\$ 1,555,250

5

\$ 1,555,250

91,041,076

1,284,997

5,948,143 85,092,933

Change in net assets

Net assets - beginning Net assets - ending

WEBER SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2010

			,		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in	
			Program Revenues	1-15	Tetal	
		Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Governmental	Component
Functions	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Unit
Governmental activities:						
Instructional services	\$ 139,919,488	\$ 674,626	S 40,811,070	\$ 355,635	S (98,078,157)	· ·
Supporting services:			•		(1000)	
Students	6,305,576	•	1,806,560		(4,499,016)	•
Instructional staff	2,521,003	•	254,128	•	(2,266,873)	•
District administration	5,800,517	•	313,349	•	(5,487,168)	•
School administration	12,201,113	,	188,420		(12,012,693)	•
Operation and maintenance of facilities	16,571,825	•	698,485		(15,873,340)	•
Transportation	7,198,486	469,874	3,615,720		(3,112,892)	•
Control	2,604,733		157,965	•	(2,446,768)	•
Out of the sections	13,098,859	5,054,661	7,882,471	•	(161,727)	•
Johnson Johnson Services Interest on long-term lightlifies	4,682,404		•		(4,682,404)	
Total school district	\$ 210,904,004	\$ 6,199,161	\$ 55,728,168	\$ 355,635	(148,621,040)	
Component [Init:						
Foundation	\$ 767,350		\$ 346,508			(420,842)
	General revenues:					
	Property taxes levied for	vied for.			13 038 260	,
	General purposes	Ses			1.316.774	
	Tansportanon	_			674,704	•
	Dakt territor				7,002,676	
-	Deot set vice				8,189,364	•
	Foderal and state	Capital and state aid not restricted to specific purposes	pecific purposes		96,832,912	•
	Contributions no	restricted to sneed	Drograms		•	634,337
	Earnings on inyo	Earnings on investments			887,040	56,758
	Gain on land transaction	nsaction			637,963	
	Miscellaneous				5,989,490	
	Total general revenues	al revenues			154,569,183	691,095
		Change in net assets			5,948,143	270,253

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

June 30, 2010

			М	ajor Funds				Other		Total
			Debt Cap.		Capital				overnmental	
		General		Service		Projects		Funds		Funds
Assets:	_		_		_		_		_	
Cash and investments	\$	55,725,317	S	2,688,345	\$	15,072,692	S	6,593,111	\$	80,079,465
Receivables:		21 075 121		0 476 107		10 003 340		602.016		41 007 567
Property taxes		21,035,121 6,910,690		8,476,182		10,893,249 236,555		693,015 334,318		41,097,567 7,481,563
Other governments Other receivables, net of				•		230,333				
allowance for bad debt - \$14,000		401,928		-		-		1,174		403,102
Prepaid expenses		28,885		-		-				28,885
Inventory		579,930		-		-		507,520		1,087,450
Other assets		210,326								210,326
Total assets	\$	84,892,197	<u>\$</u>	11,164,527	<u>s</u>	26,202,496		8,129,138	<u> </u>	130,388,358
Liabilities and fund balances: Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	S	3,652,438	S	-	\$	1,272,031	S	4,783	\$	4,929,252
Accrued salaries		23,073,181		-		82,014		879,995		24,035,190
Accrued liabilities		89,167		-		110,250		-		199,417
Termination benefits		3,251,495		-		-		109,189		3,360,684
Deferred revenue:										
Property taxes		22,790,122		9,169,303		11,845,674		751,023		44,556,122
Other governments		9,719,995								9,719,995
Total liabilities		62,576,398		9,169,303		13,309,969	_	1,744,990		86,800,660
Fund Balances:										
Reserved for:										
Encumbrances		483,950		-		2,838,596		25,759		3,348,305
Unreserved:										
Designated for:										4 000 000
Undistributed reserve		4,000,000		-		-		-		4,000,000
Federal impact aid program		195,533		-				-		195,533
Computer replacement		-		-		2,199,028		-		2,199,028
Land				-		-		-		8,500,000
Early retirement health care		8,500,000		-		950,000		•		
Roof units		-		-		930,000		-		950,000
Undesignated, reported in: General fund		9,136,316								9,136,316
Debt service fund		3,130,310		1,995,224		_		-		1,995,224
Capital projects fund		-		1,993,224		6,904,903		_		6,904,903
Special revenue funds		-		-		0,904,905		6,358,389		6,358,389
Total fund balances		22,315,799		1,995,224		12,892,527		6,384,148		43,587,698
Total liabilities and fund										
balances	<u>\$</u>	84,892,197	_\$_	11,164,527	<u>\$</u>	26,202,496	\$	8,129,138	<u>s</u>	130,388,358

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2010

Total fund balances for governmental funds		-	\$	43,587,698
Total net assets reported for governmental activities differs from the statement of net a	ssels	as follows:		
Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and therefore a the funds. Those assets consist of the following:	re no	t reported in		
Land Construction-in-progress Buildings and improvements, net of \$115,596,866 accumulated depreciation Furniture and equipment, net of \$14,644,645 accumulated depreciation	\$	16,590,944 16,580,577 121,267,350 7,856,095		162,294,966
Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recogn expenditure when due. Accrued interest for general obligation bonds is \$189,157 are for obligations under capital leases is \$46,479.	ized : id acc	as an crued interest		(235,636)
Bond issuance costs are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. The coaccumulated amortization is \$250,746.	st is	\$1,062,368 and		811,622
Long-term liabilities that pertain to governmental funds, including bonds payable, a payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as fund liabilities. All licurrent and long-term - are reported in the statement of net assets. Balances at year	abilit	nes - boln		
Bonds payable Unamortized premiums Deferred amounts on refunding Accrued vacation Obligations under capital leases Notes payable Land options payable Termination benefits	\$	(102,350,000) (1,343,941) 806,612 (2,069,357) (1,821,460) (548,929) (280,000) (7,810,499)		(115,417,574
Total net assets of governmental activities			_	\$ <u>91,041,07</u>

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2010

Revenuers Central Service Capital Service Capital Funds Covernmental Funds Revenuers Property uxes \$ 26,783,192 \$ 11,789,521 \$ 17,799,994 \$ 869,071 \$ 287,740 School funch sales 0,272,908 - 25,974,44 5,054,661 5,054,661 5,054,661 5,054,661 5,054,661 5,054,661 5,054,661 5,054,661 5,054,661 5,054,661 5,054,661 5,054,661 5,054,661 5,054,661 5,054,661 5,054,661 5,054,661 7,074,079 \$ 1,789,523 1,719,359 7,133,990 \$ 1,789,521 1,719,537 1,719,1359 7,134,990 \$ 1,789,521 1,1395,373 1,946,750 2,162,141,841 \$ 1,724,172			Major Funds		Other	Total
Revenues:				Capital		
Property taxes		General	Service	Projects	Funds	Funds
Earnings on investments 627,296 - 259,744 887,040 School lunch sales - - 5,054,661 5,054,661 5,054,661 7,013,090 State aid 125,700,268 355,655 7,133,990 7,133,990 State aid 125,700,268 355,655 1,791,325 127,847,228 Following and the property of the prope					_	
School Lunch sales			S 11,789,521		S 869,071	
Other local sources 1,478,437 - 5,655,553 7,133,992 State aid 125,700,268 - 355,635 1,791,325 127,847,228 Federal aid 18,978,341 - - 0,091,146 22,069,487 Total revenues 173,567,534 11,789,521 11,395,373 19,461,756 216,214,184 Expenditures: Current: Instructional services 122,765,549 - 6,495,404 129,260,953 Supporting services: Students 6,292,906 - - 6,495,404 129,260,953 Supporting services: Students 6,292,906 - - 6,292,906 Instructional staff 2,513,838 - - 5,723,288 School Instructional staff 2,513,838 - - 5,723,288 School Instructional staff 1,408,824 - - 11,408,824 Operation and maintenance of facilities 16,127,093 - - 6,512,368 Central 2,468,762 - </th <th>-</th> <th>627,296</th> <th>-</th> <th>259,744</th> <th></th> <th></th>	-	627,296	-	259,744		
State aid 125,700,268 355,635 1,791,325 127,847,228 Federal aid 18,978,341 6,091,146 25,069,487		-	-	-		
Federal aid 18,978,341 6,091,146 25,069,487 Total revenues 173,567,534 11,789,521 11,395,373 19,461,756 216,214,184 22,241,184		•	-	255 625		
Total revenues 173,567,534 11,789,521 11,395,373 19,461,756 216,214,184			-	333,033		
Expenditures: Current: Current: Current: Instructional services 122,765,549			11.790.631	11 206 272		
Current: Instructional services 122,765,549 - - 6,495,404 129,260,953 Supporting services: Students 6,292,906 - - - 6,292,906 Instructional staff 2,513,838 - - - 2,513,838 District administration 5,723,288 - - - 5,723,288 School administration 11,408,824 - - - 16,127,093 Operation and maintenance of facilities 16,127,093 - - - 6,512,368 Central 2,468,762 - - - 6,512,368 Central 2,468,762 - - 12,725,987 12,725,987 Capital outlay - - - 12,725,987 12,725,987 Capital outlay - - - - 26,988,036 - 26,988,036 Debt service: - - - - 6,585,000 - - - 6,585,000 I	Total revenues	1/3,307,334	11,789,321	11,393,373	19,401,730	210,214,184
Instructional services 122,765,549 - - 6,495,404 129,260,953 Supporting services:						
Supporting services: Students Students Cap22,906 - - Cap22,906 Instructional staff 2,513,838 - -		122 765 540			6 405 404	120 260 052
Students	••	122,705,349	-	-	495,404	129,200,933
District administration 5,723,288 - - 5,723,288 School administration 11,408,824 - - 11,408,824 Operation and maintenance of facilities 16,127,093 - - 16,127,093 Transportation 6,512,368 - - - 6,512,368 Central 2,468,762 - - 2,468,762 School lunch services - - - 12,725,987 12,725,987 Capital outlay - - - 26,988,036 - 26,988,036 Debt service: - - - - - 26,988,036 Debt service: - - - - - 6,585,000 Interest and fiscal charges - - 4,651,828 - - - 6,585,000 Interest and fiscal charges 173,812,628 11,236,828 26,988,036 19,221,391 231,258,883 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (245,094) 552,693 (15,59		6,292,906	-	-	_	6,292,906
School administration 11,408,824 - - - 11,408,824 Operation and maintenance of facilities 16,127,093 - - 16,127,093 Transportation 6,512,368 - - 6,512,368 Central 2,468,762 - - 2,468,762 School lunch services - - 26,988,036 - 2,468,762 Capital outlay - - 26,988,036 - 26,988,036 Debt service: - - 6,585,000 - - 6,585,000 Interest and fiscal charges - 4,651,828 - - 4,651,828 Total expenditures 173,812,628 11,236,828 26,988,036 19,221,391 231,258,883 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (245,094) 552,693 (15,592,663) 240,365 (15,044,699) Other financing sources (uses): Transfers 2,285,801 - (2,414,881) 129,080 - - - - - </td <td>Instructional staff</td> <td>2,513,838</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>2,513,838</td>	Instructional staff	2,513,838	-	-	-	2,513,838
Operation and maintenance of facilities 16,127,093 - - 16,127,093 Transportation 6,512,368 - - - 6,512,368 Central 2,468,762 - - 2,468,762 School lunch services - - - 12,725,987 12,725,987 Capital outlay - - 26,988,036 - 26,988,036 Debt service: - - - 6,585,000 - - 6,585,000 Interest and fiscal charges - - 4,651,828 - - 4,651,828 Total expenditures 173,812,628 11,236,828 26,988,036 19,221,391 231,258,883 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (245,094) 552,693 (15,592,663) 240,365 (15,044,699) Other financing sources (uses): - - 2,317,523 240,365 (15,044,699) Other payments - - 2,217,523 2,217,523 2,217,523 Note payments -	District administration	5,723,288	-	-	-	5,723,288
of facilities 16,127,093 - - 16,127,093 Transportation 6,512,368 - - 6,512,368 Central 2,468,762 - - 2,468,762 School lunch services - - - 12,725,987 12,725,987 Capital outlay - - - 26,988,036 - 26,988,036 Debt services - - - 6,585,000 Principal retirement - - 6,585,000 - - - 6,585,000 Interest and fiscal charges - - 4,651,828 - - - 6,585,000 Interest and fiscal charges 173,812,628 11,236,828 26,988,036 19,221,391 231,258,883 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (245,094) 552,693 (15,592,663) 240,365 (15,044,699) Other financing sources (uses): 2,285,801 - (2,414,881) 129,080 -		11,408,824	-	-	-	11,408,824
Transportation 6,512,368 Central - - 6,512,368 Central - - 2,468,762 Central - - 2,468,762 Central - - 2,468,762 Central - - - - 2,468,762 Central - - - - - - - 2,468,762 Central - - - - - 2,468,762 Central - - - 2,6988,036 Central - - - - 6,585,000 Central -						
Central School lunch services 2,468,762 - - 2,468,762 - 2,468,762 - 2,468,762 - 2,468,762 - 2,468,762 - 2,468,762 - 2,469,88,036 - 2,275,987 Capital outlay - 26,988,036 - 26,988,036 - 26,988,036 - 26,585,000 - - 6,585,000 - - - 6,585,000 - - - 6,585,000 - - - 6,585,000 - - - 6,585,000 - - - 6,585,000 - - - 6,585,000 - - - 6,585,000 - - - 6,585,000 - - - 4,651,828 - - - 4,651,828 - <			-	-	-	
School lunch services - - 12,725,987 12,725,987 Capital outlay - 26,988,036 - 26,988,036 Debt service: Principal retirement - 6,585,000 - - 6,585,000 Interest and fiscal charges - 4,651,828 - - 4,651,828 Total expenditures 173,812,628 11,236,828 26,988,036 19,221,391 231,258,883 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (245,094) 552,693 (15,592,663) 240,365 (15,044,699) Other financing sources (uses): - - (2,414,881) 129,080 - Transfers 2,285,801 - (2,414,881) 129,080 - Bus capital leases - - 2,317,523 2,317,523 Note payments - - (170,410) - (170,410) Note interest - - (35,995) - (35,995) Sale of capital assets - - (293,190)			-	-	•	
Capital outlay - - 26,988,036 - 26,988,036 Debt service: Principal retirement - 6,585,000 - - 6,585,000 Interest and fiscal charges - 4,651,828 - - 4,651,828 Total expenditures 173,812,628 11,236,828 26,988,036 19,221,391 231,258,883 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (245,094) 552,693 (15,592,663) 240,365 (15,044,699) Other financing sources (uses): Transfers 2,285,801 - (2,414,881) 129,080 - Bus capital leases - - 2,317,523 2,317,523 2,317,523 Note payments - - (170,410) - (170,410) Note interest - - - (35,995) - (35,995) Sale of capital assets - - - 10,573 10,573 10,573 Total other financing sources (uses) 2,285,801 - (293,190) 129	•	2,408,702	-	•	12 725 097	
Debt service: Principal retirement - 6,585,000 - - 6,585,000 Interest and fiscal charges - 4,651,828 - - 4,651,828 Total expenditures 173,812,628 11,236,828 26,988,036 19,221,391 231,258,883 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (245,094) 552,693 (15,592,663) 240,365 (15,044,699) Other financing sources (uses): Transfers 2,285,801 - (2,414,881) 129,080 - Bus capital leases - - 2,317,523 2,317,523 Note payments - - (170,410) - (170,410) Note interest - - - (35,995) - (35,995) Sale of capital assets - - - 10,573 - 10,573 Total other financing sources (uses) 2,285,801 - (293,190) 129,080 2,121,691 Net change in fund balances 2,040,707 552,693 (15,885,853)		-	-	26 088 036 -	12,723,907	
Principal retirement - 6,585,000 - - 6,585,000 Interest and fiscal charges - 4,651,828 - - 4,651,828 Total expenditures 173,812,628 11,236,828 26,988,036 19,221,391 231,258,883 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (245,094) 552,693 (15,592,663) 240,365 (15,044,699) Other financing sources (uses): 2,285,801 - (2,414,881) 129,080 - Bus capital leases - - 2,317,523 2,317,523 Note payments - - (170,410) - (170,410) Note interest - - (35,995) - (35,995) Sale of capital assets - - 10,573 - 10,573 Total other financing sources (uses) 2,285,801 - (293,190) 129,080 2,121,691 Net change in fund balances 2,040,707 552,693 (15,885,853) 369,445 (12,923,008) Fund balances - beginning	•	-	-	20,700,050	-	20,700,050
Interest and fiscal charges - 4,651,828 - - 4,651,828 Total expenditures 173,812,628 11,236,828 26,988,036 19,221,391 231,258,883 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (245,094) 552,693 (15,592,663) 240,365 (15,044,699) Other financing sources (uses): Transfers 2,285,801 - (2,414,881) 129,080 - Bus capital leases - - 2,317,523 2,317,523 2,317,523 Note payments - - (170,410) - (170,410) Note interest - - (35,995) - (35,995) Sale of capital assets - - 10,573 - 10,573 Total other financing sources (uses) 2,285,801 - (293,190) 129,080 2,121,691 Net change in fund balances 2,040,707 552,693 (15,885,853) 369,445 (12,923,008) Fund balances - beginning 20,275,092 1,442,531 28,778,380 6,014,703		_	6.585.000		_	6.585.000
Total expenditures 173,812,628 11,236,828 26,988,036 19,221,391 231,258,883 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (245,094) 552,693 (15,592,663) 240,365 (15,044,699) Other financing sources (uses): Transfers 2,285,801 - (2,414,881) 129,080 - Bus capital leases - - 2,317,523 2,317,523 2,317,523 Note payments - - (170,410) - (170,410) Note interest - - (35,995) - (35,995) Sale of capital assets - - 10,573 - 10,573 Total other financing sources (uses) 2,285,801 - (293,190) 129,080 2,121,691 Net change in fund balances 2,040,707 552,693 (15,885,853) 369,445 (12,923,008) Fund balances - beginning 20,275,092 1,442,531 28,778,380 6,014,703 56,510,706		_		_	-	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	-	173,812,628		26,988,036	19,221,391	
over (under) expenditures (245,094) 552,693 (15,592,663) 240,365 (15,044,699) Other financing sources (uses): Transfers 2,285,801 - (2,414,881) 129,080 - Bus capital leases - - 2,317,523 2,317,523 Note payments - - (170,410) - (170,410) Note interest - - (35,995) - (35,995) Sale of capital assets - - 10,573 - 10,573 Total other financing sources (uses) 2,285,801 - (293,190) 129,080 2,121,691 Net change in fund balances 2,040,707 552,693 (15,885,853) 369,445 (12,923,008) Fund balances - beginning 20,275,092 1,442,531 28,778,380 6,014,703 56,510,706	Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
Transfers 2,285,801 - (2,414,881) 129,080 - Bus capital leases - - 2,317,523 2,317,523 Note payments - - (170,410) - (170,410) Note interest - - - (35,995) - (35,995) Sale of capital assets - - 10,573 - 10,573 Total other financing sources (uses) 2,285,801 - (293,190) 129,080 2,121,691 Net change in fund balances 2,040,707 552,693 (15,885,853) 369,445 (12,923,008) Fund balances - beginning 20,275,092 1,442,531 28,778,380 6,014,703 56,510,706		(245,094)	552,693	(15,592,663)	240,365	(15,044,699)
Bus capital leases - - 2,317,523 2,317,523 Note payments - - (170,410) - (170,410) Note interest - - (35,995) - (35,995) Sale of capital assets - - 10,573 - 10,573 Total other financing sources (uses) 2,285,801 - (293,190) 129,080 2,121,691 Net change in fund balances 2,040,707 552,693 (15,885,853) 369,445 (12,923,008) Fund balances - beginning 20,275,092 1,442,531 28,778,380 6,014,703 56,510,706	Other financing sources (uses):					
Note payments - - (170,410) - (170,410) Note interest - - (35,995) - (35,995) Sale of capital assets - - 10,573 - 10,573 Total other financing sources (uses) 2,285,801 - (293,190) 129,080 2,121,691 Net change in fund balances 2,040,707 552,693 (15,885,853) 369,445 (12,923,008) Fund balances - beginning 20,275,092 1,442,531 28,778,380 6,014,703 56,510,706		2,285,801	-	• • • •	129,080	-
Note interest - - (35,995) - (35,995) Sale of capital assets - - 10,573 - 10,573 Total other financing sources (uses) 2,285,801 - (293,190) 129,080 2,121,691 Net change in fund balances 2,040,707 552,693 (15,885,853) 369,445 (12,923,008) Fund balances - beginning 20,275,092 1,442,531 28,778,380 6,014,703 56,510,706		-	•			
Sale of capital assets - - 10,573 - 10,573 Total other financing sources (uses) 2,285,801 - (293,190) 129,080 2,121,691 Net change in fund balances 2,040,707 552,693 (15,885,853) 369,445 (12,923,008) Fund balances - beginning 20,275,092 1,442,531 28,778,380 6,014,703 56,510,706		-	-		-	
Total other financing sources (uses) 2,285,801 - (293,190) 129,080 2,121,691 Net change in fund balances 2,040,707 552,693 (15,885,853) 369,445 (12,923,008) Fund balances - beginning 20,275,092 1,442,531 28,778,380 6,014,703 56,510,706	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	-	-		-	
(uses) 2,285,801 - (293,190) 129,080 2,121,691 Net change in fund balances 2,040,707 552,693 (15,885,853) 369,445 (12,923,008) Fund balances - beginning 20,275,092 1,442,531 28,778,380 6,014,703 56,510,706				10,573		10,373
Fund balances - beginning 20,275,092 1,442,531 28,778,380 6,014,703 56,510,706		2,285,801		(293,190)	129,080	2,121,691
	Net change in fund balances	2,040,707	552,693	(15,885,853)	369,445	(12,923,008)
	Fund balances - beginning	20,275,092	1,442,531	28,778,380	6,014,703	56,510,706
	Fund balances - ending	\$ 22,315,799	S 1,995,224	\$ 12,892,527	\$ 6,384,148	\$ 43,587,698

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Government Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2010

Net change	in	fund	balances-total	governmental	ſunds
------------	----	------	----------------	--------------	-------

\$ (12,923,008)

Amounts reported for governmental activities differ from the statement of activities as follows:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 for furniture and equipment and \$100,000 for buildings and improvements are capitalized and the cost is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlays in the current period.

Capital outlays	\$ 18,091,642	
Accumulated depreciation adjustment for retired fixed assets	3,535,221	
Furniture and equipment retirements	(376,928)	
Depreciation expense	(6,359,209)	14,890,726

Some capital asset additions are financed through capital leases. In governmental funds, a capital lease arrangement is considered a source of financing, but in the statement of net assets, the lease obligation is reported as a liability. Repayment of capital lease principal is an expenditure in governmental funds, but repayment reduces the lease obligation in the statement of net assets.

Capital leases - financing source	\$ (2,317,523)
Principal payments of capital leases	496,063
Interest expense - capital leases	(1,854,230)

The governmental funds report bond proceeds as financing sources, while repayment of bond principal is reported as an expenditure. In the statement of net assets, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities and repayment of principal reduces the liability. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs and premiums when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Interest is recognized as an expenditure in the governmental funds when it is due. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as it accrues, regardless of when it is due. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of general obligation bonds and related items is as follows:

Repayment of bond principal	\$ 6,585,000	
Repayment of loan principal	190,784	
Amortization of bond deferred charges	(85,162)	
Amortization of bond issuance costs	(65,118)	
Amortization of bond premium	 123,352	<u>6,748,856</u>

In the statement of activities, compensated absences (vacations), and termination benefits are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid or to be paid in the following year). During this year, accrued vacation increased by \$561,265 and termination benefits increased by \$352,936.

(914,201)

Change in net assets of governmental activities

\$ 5,948,143

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Budgeted		Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$ 24,818,946	\$ 26,810,324	\$ 26,783,192	\$ (27,132)
Earnings on investments	780,000	650,000	627,296	(22,704)
Other local sources	1,700,000	1,900,000	1,478,437	(421,563)
State aid	141,882,732	123,345,057	125,700,268	2,355,211
Federal aid	8,914,160	23,774,622	18,978,341	(4,796,281)
Total revenues	178,095,838	176,480,003	173,567,534	(2,912,469)
Expenditures: Current:				
Instructional services	122,081,882	128,406,340	122,765,549	5,640,791
Supporting services:			, -	
Students	6,868,732	6,608,323	6,292,906	315,417
Instructional staff	3,570,760	3,675,669	2,513,838	1,161,831
District administration	6,087,400	6,087,400	5,723,288	364,112
School administration	11,436,766	12,060,762	11,408,824	651,938
Operation and maintenance of facilities	18,806,115	21,360,838	16,127,093	5,233,745
Transportation	6,867,164	6,867,164	6,512,368	354,796
Central	4,260,000	3,260,000	2,468,762	791,238
Total expenditures	179,978,819	188,326,496	173,812,628	14,513,868
Excess of expenditures over revenues	(1,882,981)	(11,846,493)	(245,094)	11,601,399
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfer in (out)		1,800,000	2,285,801	485,801
Net change in fund balances	(1,882,981)	(10,046,493)	2,040,707	12,087,200
Fund balances - beginning	8,000,000	20,275,092	20,275,092	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 6,117,019	\$ 10,228,599	\$ 22,315,799	\$ 12,087,200

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets

Agency Fund

June 30, 2010

	Student Activities Fund
Assets: Cash and investments	\$ 101,943
Fund balances: Unreserved, undesignated Total fund equity	\$ 101,943 \$ 101,943

WEBER SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Basic Financial Statements

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Weber School District (District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to local government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of the District are described below.

In June 1999, the Governmental Accounting Standards board (GASB) unanimously approved Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments. Significant changes in the Statement include the following:

- A Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) providing an analysis of the District's overall financial position and results of operations.
- Financial statements prepared using full-accrual accounting for all of the District's activities.
- A change in the fund financial statements to focus on the major funds.

These and other changes are reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

Reporting entity – The Board of Education, comprised of seven elected individuals, is the primary governing authority for the District. As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the District and its component unit, Weber School District Foundation. The District is not a component unit of any other primary government.

Discrete component unit. The Weber School District Foundation is a nonprofit organization established under Internal Revenue Service regulations as a conduit for tax-deductible donations to the District. It is governed by a Board of Directors made up of 21individuals. The Foundation is considered to be a component unit of the District because the purpose of the Foundation is to exclusively service the District. The Foundation has an audit performed annually, separate from the District. A copy of that report can be obtained at the Foundation's administrative office located at 5320 Adams Ave Parkway, Ogden, Utah.

Government-wide and fund financial statements – The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) display information about the primary government (the District) and its discrete component unit. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. The effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Private sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in the government-wide financial statements to the extent they do not conflict or contradict guidance of the GASB.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Depreciation expense for capital assets that can specifically be identified with a function are included in its direct expenses. Depreciation expense for "shared" capital assets (for example, a school building is used primarily for instructional, school administration, operation and maintenance of facilities, and school lunch services) are ratably included in the direct expenses of the appropriate functions. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Interest on general long-term

WEBER SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Basic Financial Statements Continued

liabilities is considered an indirect expense and is reported in the statement of activities as a separate line. Program revenues include 1) fees and charges paid by students and other recipients of goods or services offered by a given function, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including property taxes, are presented as general revenues.

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

- The general fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the
 general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The debt service fund accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on general obligation school building bonds.
- The capital projects fund account for resources accumulated and payments made for the acquisition
 and improvement of sites, construction and remodel of facilities, and procurement of equipment
 necessary for providing educational programs for all students within the District.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

- Special Revenue
- Trust and Agency Fund (a fiduciary fund) accounts for monies held on behalf of student groups.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation — The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Property taxes and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the District receives cash. Expenditures generally are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, early

WEBER SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Continued

retirement and postemployment healthcare benefits, arbitrage rebates, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific costreimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

Budgetary Data – Budgets are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting for all governmental funds. Budgets are not adopted on a District level for the Weber School District Foundation or the trust and agency fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end with the exception of those indicated as a fund balance reserve. The following procedures are used in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- During May of each year, the District superintendent submits to the Board a proposed operating budget for the next fiscal year commencing July 1st. This budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Included also is a final budget for the current year ending June 30th.
- Copies of the proposed budget are made available for public inspection and review by patrons of the District.
- If the District does not exceed the certified tax rate, a public hearing is held prior to June 22nd at which time the budget is legally adopted by resolution of the Board after obtaining taxpayer input. If the District exceeds the certified tax rate, the budget is adopted in August when data is available to set the rates.
- Once adopted, the budget can be amended by subsequent Board action. The Board, upon
 recommendation of the superintendent, can approve reductions in appropriations, but increases in
 appropriations by fund require a public hearing prior to amending the budget. In accordance with
 Utah state law, interim adjustments may be made by administrative transfer of money from one
 appropriation to another within any given fund.
- Certain interim adjustments in estimated revenue and expenditures during the year ended June 30, 2010, have been included in the final budget approved by the Board, as presented in the financial statements.
- Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in the governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders and contracts) outstanding at year end are reported as reservations of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Continued

Negative variances in total revenues and the positive variances in total expenditures are largely a result of federal and state program revenues and related expenditures that do not have a direct impact on the undesignated fund balance. Budgets generally assume the expenditure of all available resources. Therefore, when the budget is prepared, it is assumed these funds will not have a carryover of revenue to a subsequent year. Program revenue received but not spent is restricted and deferred to the subsequent fiscal year. As a result, overall fund revenue variances will be negative, and overall fund expenditure variances will be positive.

Deposits and Investments – The cash balances of substantially all funds are pooled and invested by the District for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities and providing efficient management of temporary investments. The pooled investments are reported at fair value at year-end. Changes in the fair value of investments are recorded as investment earnings. Earnings on pooled funds are apportioned and credited to the funds.

Cash and Cash Equivalents – The District considers cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition, including investments in the Public Treasurers' Investment Fund (PTIF) to be cash equivalents.

Inventories – Inventories are valued at cost or, if donated, at fair value when received, using the moving average method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Donated food commodities are reported in the governmental funds and are recorded as revenue when received and as an expense when consumed.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, and furniture and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. The District defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 for land, furniture and equipment and \$100,000 for buildings and improvements and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extended assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized.

Buildings and improvements and furniture and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
	40
Buildings	
Building improvements and portable classrooms	20
Maintenance equipment	15
Buses	10
Furniture	10
Office equipment	10
Vehicles	8
Computer equipment	3

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Continued

Accrued Wages Payable -- Wages payable result from unpaid employee service at the balance sheet date. This amount arises from employee contracts which spread payment for nine months of service over a twelve-month period.

Compensated Absences - Under terms of association agreements, twelve-month or full-year employees earn vacation and sick leave in amounts varying with tenure and classification. In the event of termination or death, an employee is reimbursed for accumulated vacation days. Accumulated sick leave is also reimbursed to employees that retire, but is dependent on certain criteria being meet. The criteria are defined in each employee groups' handbook. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Long-term Obligations — In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Equity – In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a restricted purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative plans for future use of financial resources that are subject to change.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits and investments are carried at fair value. A reconciliation of cash and investments at June 30, 2010, as shown on the financial statements is as follows:

Carrying amount of cash Carrying amount of investments		14,795,614 65,283,851
Total cash and investments	\$	80,079,465
Governmental funds cash and investments Internal service fund cash and investments	\$	80,079,465 -
Statement of net assets cash and investment Agency fund cash and investments	\$	80,079,465 101,943
Total cash and investments	\$	80,181,408

Deposits and investments for the District are governed by the Utah Money Management Act (Utah Code Annotated, Title 51, Chapter 7, "the Act") and by the rules of the Utah Money Management Council ("the Council"). Following are discussions of risks related to its cash management activities.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Continued

Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be recovered. The District's policy for managing custodial credit risk is to adhere to the Money Management Act. The Act requires all deposits of the District to be in a qualified depository, defined as any financial institution whose deposits are insured by an agency of the federal government and which has been certified by the Commissioner of Financial Institutions as meeting the requirements of the Act and adhering to the rules of the Utah Money Management Council.

As of June 30, 2010, \$22,469,059 of the District's bank balance of \$23,478,330 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Credit Risk

Investments. Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The District's policy for limiting the credit risk is to comply with the Utah Money Management Act.

The District is authorized to invest in the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund (PTIF), an external pooled investment fund managed by the Utah State Treasurer subject to the Act and Council requirements. The PTIF is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, and deposits in the PTIF are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of Utah. The PTIF operates and reports to participants on an amortized basis. The income, gains, and losses, net of administrative fees, of the PTIF are allocated based upon the participant's average daily balances.

At June 30, 2010, the District had \$9,336,437 invested with the PTIF and \$54,434,078 invested in corporate bonds.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The local government manages its exposure to declines in fair value by adhering to the Utah Money Management Act. The Act requires that the remaining term to maturity of the investment may not exceed the period of availability of the funds to be invested.

3. PROPERTY TAXES

The property tax revenue of the District is collected and distributed by the Weber County Treasurer as an agent of the District. Utah statutes establish the process by which taxes are levied and collected. The County Assessor is required to assess real property as of January 1 and complete the tax rolls by May 15. By July 21, the County Auditor is to mail assessed value and tax notices to property owners. A taxpayer may then petition the County Board of Equalization between August 1 and August 15 for a revision of the assessed value. The County Auditor makes approved changes in assessed value by November 1 and on this same date the County Auditor is to deliver the completed assessment rolls to the county treasurer. Tax notices are mailed with a due date of November 30. Delinquent taxes are subject to a 2% penalty, with a \$10 minimum penalty. If delinquent taxes and penalties are not paid by January 15 of the following year, these delinquent taxes, including penalties, are subject to an interest charge at an annual rate equal to the federal discount rate plus 6%; the interest period is from January 1 until date paid.

WEBER SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Basic Financial Statements Continued

Motor vehicles are subject to an "age-based" fee that is due each time a vehicle is registered. The age-based fee is for passenger type vehicles and ranges from \$10 to \$150. The revenues collected in each county from motor vehicle fees is distributed by the county to each taxing entity in which the property is located in the same proportion in which revenue collected from ad valorem real property tax is distributed. The District recognizes motor vehicle fees as revenue when the county collects them.

As of June 30, 2010, property taxes receivable by the District includes uncollected taxes assessed as of January 1, 2010. It is expected that all assessed taxes will be collected within a five-year period, after which time the County Treasurer may force sale of property to collect the delinquent portion. The property taxes receivable and property taxes deferred revenue accounts at June 30, 2010 are summarized as follows:

	Property Taxes			
Fund description	Deferred Receivable Revenue			
General Debt service Capital projects Other government funds	\$	21,035,121 8,476,182 10,893,249 693,015	\$	22,790,122 9,169,303 11,845,674 751,023
Total	\$	41,097,567	\$	44,556,122

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Continued

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2010 is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases		Ending Balance
Governmental activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated Land	\$ 14,678,588	\$ 2,294,393	\$ (382,037)	\$ 16,590,944
Construction in progress	<u>34,089,341</u>	<u>16,580,577</u>	(34,089,341)	16,580,577
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	48,767,929	18,874,970	<u>(34,471,378)</u>	33,171,521
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated	208,171,267 20,706,554 228,877,821	33,725,999 3,123,139 36,849,138	(3,161,088) (376,928) (3,538,016)	238,736,178 23,452,765 262,188,943
Accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements	(115,596,866)	(5,033,051)	3,161,088	(117,468,829) (15,596,671)
Furniture and equipment Total accumulated depreciation	(14,644,645) (130,241,51 <u>1</u>)		374,133_ 3,535,221_	(133,065,500)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, ne	98,636,310		(2,795)	129,123,443
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 147,404,239</u>	<u>\$ 49,364,898</u>	\$ (34,474,173)	\$ 162,294,964

For the year ended June 30, 2010, depreciation expense was charged to functions of the District as follows:

Instructional services	\$ 4,491,731
Supporting services:	
District administration	69,393
School administration	346,530
Operation and maintenance of facilities	282,040
Transportation	675,602
Central	132,336
School lunch services	361,578
Total depreciation expense, governmental activities	\$ 6,359,210

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Continued

The District is obligated at June 30, 2010, under construction commitments as follows:

	Project	Costs	Costs
Project	Authorized	to Date	to Complete
South Ogden Jr. High	19,566,597	16,580,577	2,986,020
	\$ 19,566,597	\$ 16,580,577	\$ 2,986,020

A reservation of fund balance for construction commitments in the capital projects fund has been established to fulfill the required costs to complete at June 30, 2010.

5. RETIREMENT PLANS

Defined Benefit Plans – The District contributes to the State and School Contributory Retirement System and State and the School Noncontributory Retirement System (collectively, the Systems) which are cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Utah Retirement Systems (URS). URS provides refunds, retirement benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries in accordance with retirement statutes.

The Systems are established and governed by the respective sections of Chapter 49 of the Utah Code Annotated 1953, as amended. The Utah State Retirement Act in Chapter 49 provides for the administration of the URS and plans under the direction of the Utah State Retirement Board whose members are appointed by the Governor. The Systems issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Systems. A copy of the report may be obtained by writing to the Utah Retirement Systems, 540 East 200 South, Salt Lake City, UT 84102 or by calling 1-800-365-8772.

Plan members in the State and School Contributory Retirement System are required to contribute 1.00% of annual covered salary, and the District contributes 9.73% of annual covered salary. For employees participating in the State and School Noncontributory System, the District contributes 14.22% of annual covered salary. The contribution rates are the actuarially determined rates. The contribution requirements of the Systems are authorized by statute and specified by the Utah State Retirement Board.

The District's contributions to the State and School Contributory Retirement System for the years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 are \$68,467, \$79,806, and \$89,187, respectively and for the Noncontributory Retirement System for the years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 are \$15,241,396, \$15,074,715, and \$14,382,202, respectively. The contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year.

Defined Contribution Plans – The District also participates in a defined contribution plan under Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) to supplement retirement benefits accrued by participants in the Systems. Employees covered by the State and School Noncontributory Retirement System have a contribution of 1.5% of covered salaries automatically made by the District. Employees participating in the Systems can make additional contributions to the 401(k) plan up to specified limits. Contributions and earnings may be withdrawn by the employee upon termination or may be used as supplemental income upon retirement. The employer 401(k) contributions for the years ended June 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008 are \$2,001,546, \$1,991,972, and \$1,931,051, respectively; the employee contributions for the years ending June 30, 2010,

WEBER SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Continued

2009 and 2008 are \$2,219,408, \$2,385,224, and \$2,567,545, respectively. The 401(k) plan funds are fully vested to the participants at the time of deposit. Plan assets are administered and held by URS.

The District also offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Service Code Section 457. The plan, available to all full-time employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Employees are eligible to voluntarily participate from the date of employment and are vested immediately upon participating. Employee contributions to the Section 457 plan totaled \$192,752 for the year ended June 30, 2010. The assets of the plan are administered and held by URS and a third-party administrator.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The District also maintains insurance coverage for general, automobile, personal injury, errors and omissions, employee dishonesty, and malpractice liability up to \$10 million per occurrence through policies administered by the Utah State Risk Management Fund (Fund). The District also insures its buildings, including those under construction, and contents against all insurable risks of direct physical loss or damage with the Fund. Property physical damage is insured to replacement value with a \$1,000 deductible; automobile physical damage is insured to actual value with a \$350 deductible; other liability is limited to the lesser of \$10 million or the statutory limit. The Fund is a public entity risk pool operated by the State for the benefit of the State and local governments within the State. The District pays annual premiums to the Fund; the Fund obtains independent coverage for insured events, up to \$25 million per location. This is a pooled arrangement where the participants' pay experienced rated annual premiums, which are designed to pay claims and build sufficient reserves so that the pool will be able to protect the participating entities with its own capital. The pool reinsures excess losses to preserve the capital base. Insurance coverage by major category of risk has remained relatively constant as compared to the prior fiscal year. Insurance settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past three years.

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WEBER SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Continued

7. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2010 is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:			_		
Bonds payable:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 108,935,000	\$ -	\$ (6,585,000)	\$ 102,350,000	\$ 5,725,000
Deferred amounts for issuance					
premium	1,467,292	-	(123,352)	1 ,343,940	-
Defened amounts on refunding	(891,773)		85,162	(806,611)	
Total bonds payable, net	109,510,519	-	(6,623,190)	102,887,329	5,725,000
Obligations under capital leases	· •	2,317,523	(496,063)	1,821,460	429,078
Notes Payable	719,340	-	(170,410)	548,930	184,211
Land options payable	300,375	280,000	(300,375)	280,000	_
Accrued vacation	1,508,092	1,918,547	(1,357,283)	2,069,356	2,069,357
Total governmental activity					
long-term liabilities	\$ 112,038,326	\$ 4,516,070	\$ (8,947,321)	\$ 107,607,075	\$ 8,407,646
Termination benefits	\$ 11,171,175	\$ 3,786,679	\$ (3,786,679)	\$ 11,171,175	\$ 3,360,684

Payments on the general obligation bonds are made by the debt service fund from property taxes. The annual requirements to amortize all general obligation bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2010, including interest payments are listed as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	
2011 .	\$ 5,725,000	\$ 4,338,666	\$ 10,063,666	
2012	5,415,000	4,127,459	9,542,459	
2013	3,775,000	3,937,921	7,712,921	
2014	4,240,000	3,793,470	8,033,470	
2015	4,660,000	3,627,451	8,287,451	
2016 - 2020	31,060,000	14,704,376	45,764,376	
2021 - 2025	34,290,000	7,187,586	41,477,586	
2026 - 2029	13,185,000	1,111,038	14,296,038	
	\$ 102,350,000	\$ 42,827,967	\$ 145,177,967	

WEBER SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Basic Financial Statements Continued

General Obligation Bonds – General obligation school building bonds payable at June 30, 2010, with their outstanding balance are comprised of the following individual issues:

\$10,000,000 - 2000 general obligation school building and refunding bonds, due in annual installments of \$35,000 to \$440,000, interest rate ranging from 4.95% to 5.65%	\$	535,000
\$2,500,000 - 2002 general obligation refunding bonds, due in annual installments from \$320,000 to \$500,000, interest rate ranging from 4.35% to 4.70%		1,855,000
\$13,260,000 - 2003 general obligation school building bonds, due in annual installments of \$710,000 to \$4,050,000, interest rate ranging from 4.20% to 5.00%		9,380,000
\$7,775,000 - 2005 general obligation refunding bonds, due in annual installments of \$380,000 to \$1,340,000, interest rate ranging from 4.00% to 4.50%		4,120,000
\$22,890,000 - 2006 general obligation refunding bonds, due in annual installments of \$1,625,000 to \$3,425,000, interest rate ranging from 4.00% to 4.25%		22,300,000
\$22,500,000 - 2006 B general obligation school building bonds, due in annual installments of \$50,000 to \$2,235,000, interest rate ranging from 4.00% to 4.75%		22,005,000
\$13,480,000 - 2007 general obligation refunding bonds, due in annual installments of \$610,000 to \$2,330,000, interest rate ranging from 4.00% to 5.00%		7,010,000
\$33,000,000 - 2008 general obligation school building bonds, due in annual installments of \$100,000 to \$3,125,000, interest rate ranging from 3.125% to 4.30%		26,145,000
\$9,500,000 - 2009 general obligation school building bonds, due in annual installments of \$280,000 to \$1,750,000, interest rate ranging from 2.50% to 4.50%		9,000,000
	<u>\$</u>	102,350,000
the state of the s		

WEBER SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Continued

The general obligation bonded debt of the District is limited by state law to 4% of the fair market value of the total taxable property in the District. The legal debt limit at June 30, 2010, is \$464,445,744. General obligation debt at June 30, 2010 is \$102,350,000, resulting in a legal debt margin of \$362,095,744. The amount of defeased debt outstanding as of June 30, 2010 is \$21,965,000.

The District has a note payable with a local bank with an interest rate of 3.60 percent. The annual requirements to amortize the note payable outstanding as of June 30, 2010, including interest payments are listed as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2011	\$	176,545	\$	19,971	\$	196,516
2012		182,900		12,967		195,867
2013		189,485		6,190		195,675
	\$	548,930	\$	39,128	_\$	588,058

The District has entered into an option for the purchase of land for a future building site. This option is an interest only five year balloon payment. The interest rate is at 3 percent per annum. The District's outstanding amount on this option as of June 30, 2010 is \$280,000. It is the intention of the District to fulfill this land option.

Capital Leases – In September and November 2009, the District entered into four capital leases to purchase buses in the amount of \$2,317,523 in the capital projects fund.

Future minimum lease obligations relating to the school bus leases in the capital projects fund are as follows:

Year EndingJune 30,	_	
2011	\$	501,554
2012		501,554
2013		501,554
2014		501,554
Total minimum lease payments	5	2,006,216
Amount representing interest	t	(184,756)
Present value of minimum lease payments	s <u>\$</u>	1,821,460

WEBER SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Continued

8. OPERATING LEASES

The District has entered into operating leases for computers and copy machines. The terms of the agreements range from three to six years in length. At the end of the lease, the equipment can be purchased at the fair market value. The lease expense for this fiscal year was \$1,492,887. The annual lease payments outstanding as of June 30, 2010 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Lease Payments			
2011	\$ 1,865,180			
2012	1,555,528			
2013	693,610			
2014	510,718			
2015	52,805			
	\$ 4,6 <u>77,841</u>			

9. INTERFUND ACTIVITY

During the year ended June 30, 2010, the general fund transferred \$129,080 to the recreation fund because that fund was in a deficit position, which is not allowed by law. In addition, the capital projects fund transferred \$2,414,881 to the general fund which is allowed by State law for the purchase of supplies.

10. TERMINATION BENEFITS

RETIREE HEALTH COVERAGE

In accordance with Board of Education policy, the District provides health coverage to certain retirees who are not yet eligible for Medicare. Retirees receiving this benefit must contribute the same out-of-pocket premium percentage required by active employees. Teachers may receive up to ten years of single coverage and seven years of couple or family coverage. To receive this benefit, a teacher must have ten years of service in the District and qualify for retirement under the Utah State Retirement System. Administrators may receive family, couple, or single coverage from their retirement until they are eligible for Medicare. To receive this benefit, a retiring administrator must have ten years of service in the District and qualify for retirement under the Utah State Retirement System. Retired classified employees may also receive health benefits. Most classified employees may receive up to seven years of couple or single coverage until they become Medicare eligible. Generally speaking, a typical classified employee must be employed with Weber School District prior to age 55 and qualify to retire under the Utah State Retirement System. At June 30, 2010 there were 298 retirees eligible to receive health coverage. During the year, the District paid \$1,801,335 for retiree health coverage. The projected estimated future cost of post-employment supplemental coverage of current retirees is \$7,133,737. This figure is based on a four percent discount rate and a health care trend rate which starts at 6.6% and ratably decreases to 5.8% in the year 2013. The post-employment healthcare benefits are financed on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Continued

STIPENDS

In accordance with Board of Education policy, the District provides early retirement incentive stipends to certain retirees. All employees are eligible for these stipends if they meet certain criteria. To receive a stipend an employee must have ten years of service in the District, qualify to retire under the Utah State Retirement System, and meet specified age requirements. Retirees will then receive a stipend each year up to four years based upon a percentage of final salary as it pertains to their employee classification. During the year, the District paid \$1,985,344 for retiree stipends. The projected estimated future cost of early retirement incentives of current retirees is \$4,037,438. This figure is based on a four percent discount rate used in the calculation. The early retirement incentives are financed on a pay-as-you-go basis.

11. DESIGNATED FOR UNDISTRIBUTED RESERVE

Utah state law allows for the establishment of an undistributed reserve. The Board must authorize expenditures from the undistributed reserve. This reserve is for contingencies. According to State law, the District may not use undistributed reserves in the negotiation or settlement of contract salaries for District employees. The undistributed reserve may not exceed 5% of the current fiscal year's total general fund budgeted expenditures. Use of the reserve requires a written resolution adopted by a majority vote of the Board filed with the Utah State Board of Education and State Auditor.

12. LITIGATION

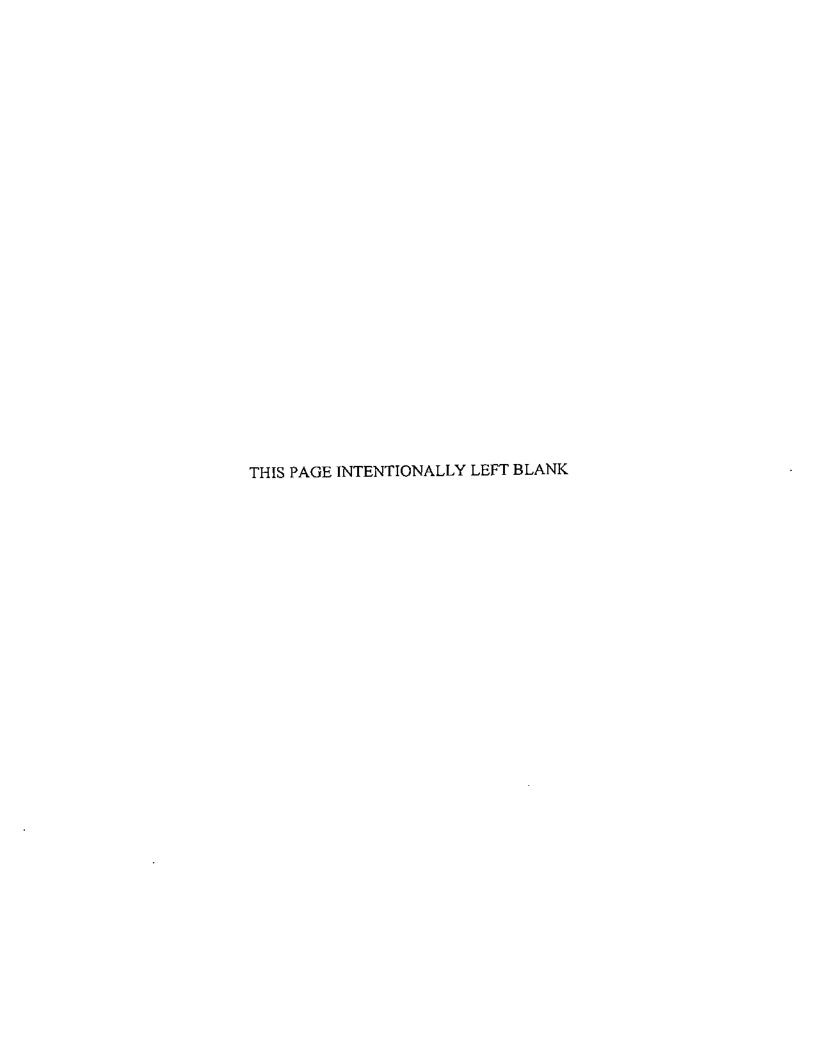
There are several lawsuits pending in which the District is involved. The District's counsel and insurance carriers estimate that the potential claims against the District, not covered by insurance, resulting from such litigation would not materially effect the financial statements of the District.

13. GRANTS

The District receives significant financial assistance from federal and state governmental agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the District's independent auditors and other governmental auditors. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. Based on prior experience, District administration believes such disallowance, if any, would be immaterial.

14. VOLUNTARY DENTAL PROGRAM

The school district provides or makes available a variety of insurance products to benefit employees. Most of these products are fully-insured and paid in full or in-part by the district. Teachers and classified employees are given the opportunity to participate in a dental program. This program is voluntary on the employee's part and is not supported financially by the district. Currently this voluntary dental program is self funded and reserves as of June 30, 2010 are \$295,113. Reserves are used to help with premium adjustments. Premiums are set by the employee insurance committee.



Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds

June 30, 2010

	Special Revenue							
		School Lunch	R	ecreation		Student Activity		Total Nonmajor vernmental Funds
Assets:								_
Cash and investments	\$	414,061	\$	128,486	\$	6,050,564	\$	6,593,111
Receivables:								
Property taxes		-		693,015		-		693,015
Other governments		334,318		-		-		334,318
Other receivables		1,174		-		-		1,174
Prepaid expenses		-		-		-		-
Inventory		507,520				<u> </u>		507,520
Total assets	\$	1,257,073		821,501	_\$_	6,050,564		8,129,138
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	4,783	S	-	\$	-	\$	4,783
Accrued wages		809,517		70,478		-		879,995
Termination benefits		109,189		-		-		1 09 ,189
Deferred revenue:								
Property taxes				751,023				751,023
'Fotal liabilities		923,489		821,501	_			1,744,990
Fund balances: Unreserved:								
Reserved for encumbrance		25,759		_		-		25,759
Undesignated		307,825		-		6,050,564		6,358,389
Total fund balances		333,584		-		6,050,564		6,384,148
Total liabilities and fund balances		1,257,073	\$	821,501	_\$	6,050,564	\$	8,129,138

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2010

		Special F	Revenue	
	School Lunch	Recreation	Student Activity	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues: Property tax Student fees Lunch sales Earnings on investments Other local revenues State aid Federal aid	\$ - 5,054,661 - - 1,791,325 6,091,146	S 869,071 2,765 - - 327,982	\$ - 5,324,806 - - - - -	\$ 869,071 5,327,571 5,054,661 - 327,982 1,791,325 6,091,146
Total revenues	12,937,132	1,199,818	5,324,806	19,461,756
Expenditures: Instructional services School lunch services Total expenditures	12,725,987 12,725,987	1,328,898	5,166,506 5,166,506	6,495,404 12,725,987 19,221,391
Excess of expenditures over revenues	211,145	(129,080)	158,300	240,365
Other financing sources: Transfer in Net change in fund balances	211,145	129,080	158,300	129,080 369,445
Fund balances - beginning, as restated Fund balances - ending	122,439 \$ 333,584	<u> </u>	5,892,264 \$ 6,050,564	6,014,703 \$ 6,384,148

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual School Lunch

Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2010

With Comparative Totals for 2009

		2010		2009
	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	Actual Amounts
Revenues:				
Local sources: Lunch sales	\$ 5,200,000	\$ 5,054,661	\$ (145,339)	\$ 5,184,398
Earnings on investments	\$ 5,200,000 -	\$ 2,024,001 -	· (145,559)	1,755
Total local sources	5,200,000	5,054,661	(145,339)	5,186,153
State sources:				
State lunch program	1,700,000	1,791,325	91,325	<u>1,735,470</u>
Total state sources	1,700,000	1,791,325	91,325	1,735,470
Federal sources: Federal lunch program	5,175,000	6,091,146	916,146	5,175,577
Total federal sources	5,175,000	6,091,146	916,146	5,175,577
Total revenues	12,075,000	12,937,132	862,132	12,097,200
Expenditures: Current:				
Employee salaries and benefits	5,705,000	5,311,054	393,946	5,364,166
Purchased services	490,000	863,364	(373,364)	337,524
Supplies	225,000	272,556	(47,556)	227,905
Food	6,506,262	6,164,381	341,881	6,183,169
Equipment	71,177	114,632	(43,455)	123,259
Total expenditures	12,997,439	12,725,987	271,452	12,236,023
Other financing sources:				
Transfer in	800,000		(800,000)	
Net change in fund balances	(122,439)	211,145	333,584	(138,823)
Fund balances - beginning	122,439	122,439		261,262
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ 333,584	\$ 333,584	\$ 122,439

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Recreation

Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2010

With Comparative Totals for 2009

		2010						2009	
	Final Budgeted Actual Amounts Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		Actual Amounts				
Revenues:									
Local sources:	\$	873,000	s	869,071	\$	(3,929)	\$	822,243	
Property taxes Community school fees	J.	675,000	Ψ	2,765	•	2,765		6,371	
Miscellaneous revenues		315,000		327 <u>,</u> 982		12,982		3 <u>16,062</u>	
Total local sources	-	1,188,000		1,199,818		11,818		1,144,676	
Total revenues	_	1,188,000		1,199,818		11,818		1,144,676	
Expenditures:									
Employee salaries and benefits		1,100,000		1,003,344		96,656		1,031,370	
Purchased services		21,000		44,902		(23,902)		34,143	
Supplies		54,000		16,432		37,568		4,406	
Equipment		21,000		7,530		13,470		12,530 296,093	
Other		392,000		<u>256,690</u>		135,310	_		
Total expenditures		1,588,000		1,328,898	_	<u>259,102</u>		1,378,542	
Other financing sources: Transfer in		400,000		129,080		270,920		233,86	
Net change in fund balances									
Fund balances - beginning		_ -		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	_		
Fund balances - ending			-\$	_	\$		\$		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Student Activity

Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2010

		2010		2009	
	Final Budgeted Amounts	Budgeted Actual		Actual Amounts	
Revenues:				•	
Local sources: Student fees	\$ 8,000,000	\$ 5,324,806	\$ (2,675,194)	\$ 4,983,758	
Total local sources	8,000,000	5,324,806	(2,675,194)	4,983,758	
Total revenues	8,000,000	5,324,806	(2,675,194)	4,983,758	
Expenditures:					
Supplies	13,892,264	5,166,506	8,725,758	4,903,381	
Total expenditures	13,892,264	5,166,506	8,725,758	4,903,381	
Other financing sources: Transfer in	<u> </u>		-		
Net change in fund balances	(5,892,264)	158,300	6,050,564	80,377	
Fund balances - beginning	5,892,264	5,892,264		5,811,887	
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ 6,050,564	\$ 6,050,564	\$ 5,892,264	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Major Debt Service Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2010

With Comparative Totals for 2009

		2010		2009
	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	Actual Amounts
Revenues: Property tax Earnings on investments	\$ 11,885,000	\$ 11,789,521	\$ (95,479)	\$ 11,502,835
Total revenues	11,88 <u>5,000</u>	11,789,521	(95,479)	11,502,835
Expenditures: Debt service: Bond principal Bond interest Bond issuance costs Paying agent fees	7,000,000 6,077,531 - 250,000	6,585,000 4,642,471 - 9,357	415,000 1,435,060 - 240,643	6,150,000 4,477,493 55,262 9,356
Total expenditures	13,327,531	11,236,828	2,090,703	10,692,111
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,442,531)	552,693	1,995,224	<u>810,724</u>
Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds of refunding bonds Bond premium Bond refunding issuance costs Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	- - - -	- - - -		- - -
Total other financing sources (uses)				
Net change in fund balances	(1,442,531)	552,693	1,995,224	810,724
Fund balance - beginning Fund balance - ending	1,442,531 \$ -	1,442,531 \$ 1,995,224	\$ 1,995,224	631,807 \$ 1,442,531

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

Major Capital Projects Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2010

With Comparative Totals for 2009

		2010		2009
	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	Actual Amounts
Revenues:				
Local sources: Property taxes	\$ 10,790,914	\$ 10,779,994	s (10,920)	\$ 10,226,645
Other local revenue	3 10,750,514		3 (10,520)	47,722
Earnings on investments	200,000	259,744	59,744	554,985
Total local sources	10,990,914	11,039,738	48,824	10,829,352
State sources:				
Capital outlay foundation	355,000	355,635	635	2,045,768
Total state sources	355,000	355,635	635	2,045,768
Total revenues	11,345,914	11,395,373	49,459	12,875,120
Expenditures:				
Land and buildings:				
Purchased services	105,000	84,834	20,166	83,438
Salaries and benefits	1,158,329	1,074,607	83,722	1,124,591
Land purchases	1,000,000	1,689,579	(689,579)	884,009
Building purchases	21,077,984	17,988,235	3,089,749	
Building improvements	1,800,000	451,806	1,348,194	31,313,682
Total land and buildings	25,141,313	21,289,061	3,852,252	33,405,720
Equipment and Textbooks:	4 451 DOI		4 451 001	623.004
Maintenance and custodial	4,451,881	•	4,451,881	523,004
Equipment support departments	1,000,000	1 264 044	1,000,000	491,654
Computer purchase	1,800,000	1,354,044	445,956	1,413,075
Computer software	200,000	1.022.660	200,000	271 240
Other instructional equipment Textbooks	2,000,000 50,000	1,072,650 479,719	927,350 (429,719)	273,340 1,767,894
Buses	475,100	2,792,562	(2,317,462)	674,899
Other vehicles	200,000	2,792,502	200,000	83,441
•		E 600 07E		
Total equipment	10,176,981	5,698,975	4,478,006	5,227,307
Total expenditures	35,318,294	26,988,036	8,330,258	38,633,027
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(23,972,380)	(15,592,663)	8,379,717	(25,757,907)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				A 500 050
General obligation bond proceeds	-	-	-	9,500,000
Loan payable proceeds Bond premium	-	_	-	112,837
Bond issuance costs	_	_		(56,525)
Note payments	(166,000)	(170,410)	(4,410)	(459,270)
Note interest	(40,000)	(35,995)	4,005	(31,818)
Transfer out	(4,600,000)	(2,414,881)	2,185,119	(2,282,981)
Bus capital leases	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	2,317,523	2,317,523	· · · ·
Sale of capital assets	<u>-</u> _	10,573	10,573	2,875
Total other financing sources (uses)	(4,806,000)	(293,190)	4,512,810	6,785,118
Net change in fund balances	(28,778,380)	(15,885,853)	12,892,527	(18,972,789)
Fund balance - beginning	28,778,380	28,778,380		47,751,169
Fund balance - ending	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 12,892,527	\$ 12,892,527	\$ 28,778,380
-				

Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

Student Activities Agency Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Net Assets at July 1, 2009	Additions	Deductions	Net Assets at June 30, 2010
Assets: Cash and investments	\$ 106,804	\$ 295,294	\$ (300,155)	\$ 101,943
Liabilities: Due to student organizations	106,804	295,294	(300,155)	101,943
Total liabilities	S 106,804	S 295,294	\$ (300,155)	\$ 101,943

Table 1 Debt Structure WEBER SCHOOL DISTRICT

General Obligation Bonds

Outstanding General Obligation Debt (As of June 30, 2010)

Series	Purpose	Original Amount	Final Maturity Date	c	Current Balance Jutstanding
2009	School Building	\$ 9,500,000	June 15, 2029	\$	9,000,000
2008	School Building	33,000,000	June 15, 2028		26,145,000
2007	Refunding	13,480,000	June 15, 2016		7,010,000
2006B	School Building	22,500,000	June 15, 2026		22,005,000
2006A	Refunding	22,890,000	June 15, 2021		22,300,000
2005	Building	7,775,000	June 15, 2016		4,120,000
2003	Building	13,260,000	June 15, 2023		9,380,000
2002	Building	2,500,000	June 15, 2021		1,855,000
2001 B	Building	15,000,000	June 15, 2021		-
2000	School Building and Refunding	10,000,000	June 15, 2020		535,000
	Total direct obligation bonded indebtedness			\$	102,350,000

(The remainder of this page has been intentionally left blank)

Table 2 Debt Structure WEBER SCHOOL DISTRICT

General Obligation Bonds

General Obligation Overlapping Indebtedness (As of June 30, 2010)

Entity		2009 Taxable Value	District's Portion of Assessment	Entity's Percent	General Obligation Debt			Overlapping Debt		
Weber County	S	13,294,693,974	\$ 9,108,313,783	68.5%	\$	16,520,000	S	11,318,000		
Cities:										
Farr West City		406,337,037	406,337,037	100.0%		-		•		
Harrisville		269,933,004	269,933,004	100.0%		-		-		
North Ogden City		873,695,362	873,695,362	100.0%		-		-		
Washington Terrace		375,436,159	375,436,159	100.0%		3,765,000		3,765,000		
Other Districts: Weber Basin Water								5 0 15 0 T 1		
Conservancy District		44,564,816,443	9,108,296,391	20.4%		29,577,164		6,045,073		
North Davis County								E 405 300		
Sewer District		9,186,915,313	1,405,947,758	15.3%		48,912,000		7,485,398		
Hooper Water Imp. District		721,708,351	624,831,247	86.6%		-		-		
West Warren Water Imp. District		36,825,583	36,825,583	100.0%		-	_			
Total overlapping general ob	ligation d	ebt						28,613,471		
Total direct general obligati								102,350,000		
Total direct and overlapping								130,963,471		

¹ Weber Basin Water Conservancy District ("WBWCD") covers all of Morgan County, most of Davis and Weber Counties, and a portion of Box Elder and Summit Counties. Principal and interest on WBWCD bonds are paid primarily from sales of water. WBWCD bonds are shown as overlapping but are self-supporting except for a minimum 0.000200 tax rate.

Note: The State of Utah general obligations debt is not included in the calculation of Total Direct and Overlapping General Obligation Debt because the State currently levies no property tax for payment of general obligation bonds.

² Cities or districts marked with 100% are contained entirely within the District. Other Cities or districts contain territory partly within and partly outside the district. The percentage shown represents the portion of the District's taxable value as compared to the total taxable value of the entity.

Table 3 Debt Structure WEBER SCHOOL DISTRICT General Obligation Bonds Debt Ratios

	To 2009 Taxable Value	To Adjusted Fair Market Value	Per Capita Debt Ratio
Direct general obligation debt	1.12%	0.88%	681.15
Direct and overlapping general obligation debt	1.44%	1.13%	871.57

¹ Based on the State of Utah's December 31, 2009 taxable vaue for Weber School District of:

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^{\$ 9,108,313,783}

² Based on the State of Utah's December 31, 2009 adjusted fair market value for the District of:

^{\$ 11,611,143,607}

³ Based on the U.S. Bureau of the Census estimate for Weber County of 227,487 less Ogden City's population estimate of 77,226. (Ogden City does not lie within the District's boundaries) therefore, Weber School District's 2008 population estimate is 150,261.

Table 4 Debt Structure
WEBER SCHOOL DISTRICT
General Obligation Bonds
. Debt Service Schedule of Outstanding General Obligation Bonds

2005	Interest	(Due 6/15)	\$ 168,400	114,800	056'99	51,750	35,750	19,350		•	•	•	•		•		-	S 457,000	8007	Interest	C109 000	1 078 781		016,000	017,620,1	1,019,563	1,011,750	1,008,500	000'566	977,500	956,500	901,250	843,875	784,375	722,750	615,438	503,875	187,000	361 296	20.00	676,461	\$ 14,273,031
Serles 2005	Principal	(Due 6/15)	\$ 1,340,000	1,160,000	380,000	400,000	410,000	430,000	and and	•		•	•	•	•	•		\$ 4,120,000	Serles 2008	Principal	C. 100	000000	000'007'1	210,000	000,626	250,000	100,000	400,000	200,000	600,000	1,300,000	1,350,000	1,400,000	1,450,000	2,525,000	2,625,000	000 052 6	2875 000	000,000 1	000,000,0	3,123,000	\$ 26,145,000
2003	Interest	(Duc 6/15)	\$ 445,958	445,958	445,957	445,958	445.958	850 500	900	445,958	416,138	380,750	380,750	380,749	180 749	202,499		s 5,263,340	2007	Interest	010	(Duc 0/13)		006,002	118,900	94,500	68,500	35,000	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	- 1	\$ 811,900
Serles 2003	Princlpal	(Due 6/15)		•	•		•			710,000	745,000	•	•	•	2 975 000	4 050,000		8 9,380,000	Series 2007	Princloal		리.	2,330,000	2,050,000	610,000	650,000	670,000	700,000	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•	•	•	.	\$ 7,010,000
2002	Interest	-	lس		84,543	84.543	8A SA7	41.10	76C'58	84,542	70,622	55,938	40.240	23,500	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	•		S 782,098	2006B	Interest		릡	\$ 983,380	981,380	136,779	926,980	927,075	882,237	822.738	760.475	693,538	621.538	191 975	567.413	184 613	C10'+00	601,162	506,802	106,163			\$ 10,615,700
Series 2002	Principal	(C)/9 and	5	·.	•	•		•	•	320,000	330,000	345,000	360.000	200 005	anniana			\$ 1,855,000	Serles 2006B	Delegion	redicate y	ě	\$ 50,000	000'001	210,000	725,000	1.055,000	1 400 000	1 465 000	1 530 000	1 600 000	1,675,000	000 052 1	000,01,1	000,040,1	000'066'1	2,020,000	2,120,000	2,235,000	•	•	\$ 22,005,000
1000	Interes	Our 6/15	` v	26 933	24.683	32,55	10.700	19,760	17,138	14,195	10.925	7.594	2 9 5 4	Carlo.	•		٠.	s 176,263	cs 2006A	1000	TOTAL	(Duc 6/15)	\$ 938,063	698'063	938,063	873.062	798.062	704 687	507 037	517 517	950 503	900,000	0021707	cpc*c+i	•	•	•	•	•	•		\$ 7,173,313
Series 2000	i en la constantina	C tilletpar	35,000		45,000	000'64	000,000	20,000	25,000	900'09	60,000	65,000	000 00	200,07	•			\$ 535,000	Serles 2		rincipal	(Duc 6/15)	٠,	•	1.625.000	1 875 000	000,570,5	000,03,00	2,130,000	2,250,000	200,000,000	3,200,000	ooninesis	3,425,000	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	\$ 22,300,000
		FISCAL I CAL	Chaine ovan	107	7017	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	3000	200	6107	707	2021	2022	2023	TOTAL					2011	2012	2013	7102	5100	2013	2010	/107	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	TOTAL

Table 4 Debt Structure
WEBER SCHOOL DISTRICT
General Obligation Bonds
Debt Service Schedule of Outstanding General Obligation Bonds

	Series 2009	2009		1	Totals	
	Principal	Interest	Total		Total	Total Debt
	(Due 6/15)	(Due 6/15)	Principal		Interest	Service
2011	\$ 710,000	\$ 316,776	\$ 5,725,000	ر د	4,338,666	\$ 10,063,666
2012	1,750,000	295,476	\$ 5,415,00(S	4,127,459	9,542,459
2013	280,000	251,726	\$ 3,775,000	~	3,937,921	7,712,921
2014	290,000	244,726	\$ 4,240,000	~	3,793,470	8,033,470
2015	300,000	236,026	\$ 4,660,000		3,627,451	8,287,451
2016	315,000	227,026	\$ 5,450,000	~	3,424,438	8,874,438
2017	325,000	217,576	\$ 5,630,000		3,187,946	8,817,946
2018	335,000	207,014	\$ 5,950,000	S	2,960,611	119'016'8
2019	350,000	195,288	\$ 6,860,000	8	2,713,546	9,573,546
2020	365,000	182,164	\$ 7,170,000	~	2,417,834	9,587,834
2021	375,000	167,564	\$ 7,450,000		2,107,414	9,557,414
2022	390,000	152,564	\$ 7,555,000		1,785,101	9,340,101
2023	405,000	136,964	8 8,910,000	S	1,446,826	10,356,826
2024	420,000	120,764	\$ 5,065,000	S	1,033,965	96'860'9
2025	440,000	103,544	\$ 5,310,000	~	814,282	6,124,282
2026	455,000	85,394	S 5,565,000	S	578,557	6,143,557
2027	475,000	950'99	\$ 3,475,000	~	329,431	3,804,431
2028	200,000	45,275	\$ 3,625,000	~	179,650	3,804,650
2029	520,000	23,400	S 520,000	S	23,400	543,400
TOTAL	\$ 9,000,000	\$ 3,275,323	\$ 102,350,000		\$ 42,827,968	\$ 145,177,968

Table 5 Financial Information WEBER SCHOOL DISTRICT Taxable and Fair Market Value

Including Fee in Lieu Valuation

Year	 Taxable Value	Adjusted Fair Market Value
2009	\$ 9,108,313,783	\$ 11,611,143,607
2008	8,937,458,465	12,999,678,302
2007	7,982,506,905	11,611,143,607
2006	6,856,982,494	12,707,627,871
2005	5,975,771,673	9,671,132,777

Excluding Fee in Lieu Valuation

Year	1	Taxable Value	Adjusted Fair Market Value
2009	\$	8,395,354,296	\$ 10,898,184,120
2008		8,212,445,717	12,274,665,554
2007		7,299,487,373	12,316,658,770
2006		6,151,656,673	12,002,302,050
2005		5,335,809,388	9,031,170,492

(Source: Property Tax Division, Utah State Tax Commission)

^{1 -} These valuation figure include the value associated with the fees in liew of ad valorem taxes for motor vehicles and other tangible personal property.

Table 6 Financial Information WEBER SCHOOL DISTRICT Significant Taxpayers in the District

Taxpayer	Type of Business	 December 31, 2009 Taxable Valuation	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation
Pacificorp	Electric Utility	\$ 128,174,675	1.41%
Great Salt Lake Minerals	Manufacturing	\$ 80,187,469	0.88%
Kimberly-Clark Corporation	Manufacturing	68,391,595	0.75%
Associated Food Stores, Inc.	Groceries	54,256,252	0.60%
America First Credit Union	Banking	36,862,456	0.40%
Columbia Ogden Medical Center	Medical	35,547,457	0.39%
Wal-Mart, Inc	Retail	34,859,970	0.38%
Qwest Corporation	Telephone Utility	34,692,047	0.38%
Riverdale Center LC	Retail	32,356,387	0.36%
Questar Gas	Natural Gas Utility	29,684,022	0.33%
DDR Riverdale South Corp	Developer	29,449,107	0.32%
Union Pacific Railroad Co	Transportaion	27,871,771	0.31%
Peterson Specialized Welding	Manufacturing	26,195,760	0.29%
Boyer-Gardner Properties	Construction	24,232,368	0.27%
Admiral Beverage Company	Distribution	22,961,221	0.25%
Rocky Mountain Real Estate	Real Estate	22,472,701	0.25%
Westinghouse/W. Zirconium	Manufacturing	29,285,012	0.32%
Rocky Mountain Real Estate	Real Estate	23,116,676	0.25%
Comcast of Utah Inc II	Cable Utility	18,692,632	0.21%
Snowbasin Resort Company	Resort	17,491,085	0.19%
Wolfcreek Properties LLC	Developer	 16,144,691	0.18%
Totals		\$ 792,925,354	8.72%

^{1 -} Based on the District's 2009 taxable value of: Source: Office of Weber County Treasurer

\$ 9,108,313,783

Table 7 Financial Information WEBER SCHOOL DISTRICT Summary of Taxable Value

	т	2009 axable Value	Percent of 2008		2008 Taxable Value
Centrally assessed values:	\$	275,123,777	3.08%	\$	253,380,078
Real property:					
Primary residential		5,056,680,162	56.58%		4,946,700,572
Other residentail		1,056,821,188	11.82%		1,109,740,149
Commercial and industrial		1,462,189,759	16.36%		1,368,416,686
FAA		19,206,288	0.21%		18,675,483
Unimproved non FAA		118,094,970	1.32%	_	128,216,446
Total real property		7,712,992,367	86.29%		7 <u>,5</u> 71,749,336
Personal property:					
Primary and secondary mobile homes		18,068,755	0.20%		18,234,784
Other business personal		389,16 <u>9,</u> 397	4.35%		369,081,519
		407,238,152	4.55%	_	387,316,303
Total personal property					
Total personal property Fee-in-liew property (F-I-L):		712,959,487	7.98%		725,012,748

Source: Utalı State Tax Commission

Tables 8, 9 & 10 Financial Information WEBER SCHOOL DISTRICT

Tax Collection Record of the District

Tax Year End 12/31	າ 	Total Taxes Levied	 Current Collections	Percent Current Collections	_	Collections for Prior Years	 Total Collections	Percent of Total Collections
2009	S	51,057,371	\$ 48,144,868	94.30%	S	2,244,820	\$ 50,389,688	98.69%
2008		48,348,720	44,217,465	91.46%		1,663,335	45,880,800	94.90%
2007		44,819,274	43,024,997	96.00%		1,561,340	44,586,337	99.48%
2006		40,525,883	38,372,265	94.69%		1,391,529	39,763,794	98.12%
2005		37,531,741	35,632,124	94.94%		1,208,077	36,840,201	98.16%

Schedule of Property Tax Rates

Tax Year Ended December 31, 2009 2008 2007 2006 2005 0.001311 0.001515 0.001720 State required 0.001433 0.001250 0.000625 0.000943 0.000918 0.000960 0.001091 Voted leeway Board Iceway 0.000365 0.000355 0.000352 0.000400 0.000400 Transportation 0.000150 0.000146 0.000153 0.000174 0.000184 0.000096 0.000100 0.000114 0.000120 Recreation 0.000099 0.000036 0.000035 0.000037 0.000067 0.000071 Tort liability 0.000811 0.000922 0.000974 0.000775 Capital outlay 0.000797 Debt service 0.001343 0.001343 0.001343 0.001343 0.001343 0.000419 0.000438 0.000498 0.000845 10% Additional 0.000431 Tax comm judge 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000026 0.000000 Board reading levy 0.000124 0.000121 0.000121 0.000113 0.000119 0.005458 0.005626 0.006263 0.006401 Total 0.005721

Historical Property Tax Collections by Fund

		Special		
	General	Revenue	Capital	
Total Funds	Fund	Programs	Projects	Debt Service
50,221,778	26,783,192	869,071	10,779,994	11,789,521
46,747,931	24,196,209	822,243	10,226,645	11,502,835
44,243,690	23,073,407	786,415	9,822,319	10,561,549
40,897,938	22,110,876	744,430	9,272,724	8,769,908
37,339,281	19,146,631	697,170	10,387,838	7,107,642
35,197,325	18,730,937	687,602	8,685,201	7,093,585
	50,221,778 46,747,931 44,243,690 40,897,938 37,339,281	Total Funds Fund 50,221,778 26,783,192 46,747,931 24,196,209 44,243,690 23,073,407 40,897,938 22,110,876 37,339,281 19,146,631	Total Funds Fund Programs 50,221,778 26,783,192 869,071 46,747,931 24,196,209 822,243 44,243,690 23,073,407 786,415 40,897,938 22,110,876 744,430 37,339,281 19,146,631 697,170	Total Funds Fund Programs Projects 50,221,778 26,783,192 869,071 10,779,994 46,747,931 24,196,209 822,243 10,226,645 44,243,690 23,073,407 786,415 9,822,319 40,897,938 22,110,876 744,430 9,272,724 37,339,281 19,146,631 697,170 10,387,838

Table 11 Financial Infromation WEBER SCHOOL DISTRICT Five Year General Fund Financial Summary

Five-Year Financial Summary

		2010		2009		2008	_	2007		2006
REVENUES:										
Local revenue:										
Property tax	S	26,783,192	\$	24,196,209	S	23,073,407	S	22,110,876	S	19,146,631
Earnings from investments		627,296		1,289,036		2,160,220		1,854,015		1,559,276
Other		1,478,437		1,945,614		1,646,712		5,826,012		5,197,376
State		125,700,268		130,537,918	1	36,721,857		115,760,786		105,625,957
Federal		18,978, <u>3</u> 41		19,961,961		8,673,492		8,533,842		9,459,953
Total revenues		173,567,534		177,930,738	1	72,275,688	_	154,085,531	_	140,989,193
EXPENDITURES:										
Instruction		122,765,549		120,422,380	1	15,485,198		105,743,286		99,673,322
Support services										
Students		6,292,906		6,246,437		6,377,189		5,419,763		5,068,450
Instructional staff		2,513,838		3,507,188		3,065,472		2,440,522		2,243,998
District general administration		5,723,288		5 , 911,12 0		5,613,457		5,390,608		5,199,522
School administration		11,408,824		11,115,485		10,787,292		10,316,582		9,422,249
Operations and maintenance		16,127,093		16,693,174		15,706,689		14,651,645		14,569,611
Student transportation		6,512,368		6,561,513		6,472,520		5,552,978		5,169,688
Central		2,468,762	_	2,841,768		3,884,496		2,414,054	_	1,882,109
Total expenditures		173,812,628	_	173,299,065		167,3 <u>92,313</u>		151,929,438	_	143,228,949
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures		_(245,094)	_	4,631,673		4,883,375		2,156,0 <u>93</u>		(2,239,756)
Other financing sources (uses):										
Interfund transfer		2,285,801		2,049,115		2,072,294	_	2,121,514	_	3,648,397
Total other financing sources		2,285,801	_	2,049,115		2,072,294	_	2,121,514	_	3,648,397
Excess(deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources (uses) over (under)										
expenditures		2,040,707		6,680,788		6,955,669		4,277,607		1,408,641
Fund balance, beginning of year, as restated		20,275,092	_	13,594,304	_	6,638,635		7,176,420	_	13,306,895
Fund balance, end of year	\$	22,315,799	<u>s</u>	20,275,092	<u>s</u>	13,594,304		11,454,027		14,715,536

Source: The District's Basic financial statements.

Table 12 Financial Information WEBER SCHOOL DISTRICT Balance Sheet - General Fund Balance Sheet - General Fund

Five-Year Financial Summary

	2010		2009		2008		2007		2006	
ASSETS:										
Cash and investments	\$	55,725,317	S	57,238,519	S	47,817,213	S	40,068,189	S	31,414,851
Accounts receivable:										
Categorical funding		21,035,121		25,409,176		25,233,427		24,530,460		20,291,219
Other		7,312,618		233,432		452,663		95,431		180,575
Inventory, at cost or fair value		579,930		822,490		893,579		764,795		548,733
Prepaid expenses		28,885		68,105		93,808		21,254		31,917
Other assets		210,326		68,764		34,753				
Total assets	\$	84,892,197	\$	83,840,486	<u>s</u>	74,525,443	_\$_	65,480,129	<u>s</u>	52,467,295
LIABILITIES & FUND BALANCE: Liabilities										
Account payable	S	3,652,438	\$	3,462,258	\$	3,175,081	\$	2,558,737	\$	3,102,515
Accrued wages payable		23,162,348		22,347,947		21,920,113		19,702,764		14,062,742
Termination benefits		3,251,495		3,593,137		3,614,212		3,296,569		2,868,556
Deferred revenue		32,510,117		34,162,052	_	32,221,733		28,468,032		25,246,698
Total liabilities		62,576,398	_	63,565,394	_	60,931,139		54,026,102	_	45,280,511
Fund balances:										
Reserved		483,950		492,386		205,806		333,504		96,076
Designated		•		•		•		-		•
Undistributed reserve		4,000,000		4,000,000		3,315,092		3,315,092		3,315,092
Federal impact aid program		195,533		253,436		274,075		280,942		194,593
Schools		-		-		_		4,815,392		3,973,716
Early retirement health care		8,500,000		7,500,000		6,200,000		2,200,000		1,000,000
Total designated		12,695,533		11,753,436		9,789,167		10,611,426		8,483,401
Unreserved, undesignated		9,136,316	_	8,029,270	_	3,599,331		509,097	_	(1,392,693)
Total fund balance		22,315,799	_	20,275,092		13,594,304		11,454,027	_	7,186,784
Total liabilities & fund balance	\$	84,892,197	<u>s</u>	83,840,486	<u>s</u>	74,525,443	\$	65,480,129	<u>s</u>	52,467,295

Source: The District's Basic financial statements.